The Wellsboro Gazette.

VOL. XXVIII. WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1901. NO. 14.

The Gazette.

[illegible] FRIDAY AT

WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, PA.

$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

K CONEVERY, Editor and Propr.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

[illegible]

Notices on Local Page ten [illegible] line for first insertion, and five cents [illegible] each subsequent insertion. No notice inserted for less than twenty-[illegible]

[illegible] will be charged for figure of [illegible]. Reasonable discounts to yearly [illegible]

[illegible] discontinued until all ar[illegible] are paid, unless at the option of the [illegible]

BUSINESS CARDS.

BLOOM & DAVIS,

[illegible]BS. Shop in the Eastman block, op[illegible] Coles House, Wellsboro, Pa. First-[illegible]k. Satisfaction guaranteed. Oct

FRANK H. ROSE,

[illegible]ST. Office over Mathers, Graves & [illegible] Wellsboro, Pa. [illegible]

ARTHUR L. BAILEY,

[illegible]NEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. [illegible] Office in [illegible] Money to loan. Collections made [illegible] of the county.—Sept. 28, 1900.—1yr.

Dr. AUGUSTUS NILES,

Wellsboro, Pa.,

[illegible] in Converse block. Will visit any [illegible] of the country in consultation or to [illegible]ny surgical operation. Special at[illegible]ven to diseases of women and chil-[illegible] abdominal surgery of both sexes. [illegible] 1900.

[illegible]ERKEN, Merchant Tailor,

WELLSBORO, PA.

[illegible] and Domestic cloths, of [illegible] which I am making up at prices [illegible] ready-made clothing is offered. [illegible] tor office.—March 11, 1899.

Sheriff's Sales.

[illegible]UE of writs of venditioni exponas, [illegible] vari facias, issued out of the Court [illegible] Pleas and Orphan's Court of Tioga [illegible], and to me directed, I will [illegible] sale at the Court House in Wellsboro, [illegible]NDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1901, at [illegible]m., the following described proper-[illegible] county, Pa.:

[illegible] of land in Delmar township; begin-[illegible] the center of the public road [illegible] northeast corner hereof [illegible] corner of lands of Myles Steele and [illegible]eele; thence along said road south [illegible], west 102.8 rods south 26 degrees, [illegible] and south 4 degrees, west 12.1 [illegible] post; thence along land of Robert [illegible]th 65.5 degrees, east 76.5 rods to a [illegible] along the same south 3 degrees [illegible] to a [illegible] the same north 4 degrees, east [illegible] a post; thence north 86.5 degrees, [illegible] to a post and thence along the [illegible] ¾ degree west, 163.3 rods to the [illegible]inning; containing 50 acres of land [illegible] Excepting and reserving from [illegible] described lot 6.8 acres sold to Rob-[illegible] June 16, 1893, described [illegible] at a post the southwest corner here-[illegible] along the land of Robert Steele [illegible]rees, east 48.2 rods to a post, the [illegible]orth corner hereof; thence along [illegible]ber Walbridge, south 65.5 degrees, [illegible] to a post; thence along land of [illegible] and Mary English south ½ of a [illegible] 22 rods to a post, south 86.5 de-[illegible] 14.8 rods to a post; and thence [illegible]grees, west 20.2 rods to a post, the [illegible]orner hereof; thence along land of [illegible]ele north 86.5 degrees, west 32.2 [illegible] place of beginning: all improved, [illegible] story frame dwelling house, frame [illegible] attached and other outbuild-[illegible] and ornamental trees and a good [illegible] thereon.

[illegible]—Another lot of land in Delmar [illegible] the center [illegible] Putman road. [illegible] corner of lands late of [illegible], deceased; thence by lands [illegible] north 40 5-8 degrees, west [illegible] point of intersection of such [illegible] center of the public highway [illegible] residence of Charles Cope-[illegible] the center of said highway, [illegible] east 13.4 rods north 54 de-[illegible], north 63 degrees, east 23 [illegible] east 17 rods, [illegible] rods, east 52 rods, and north [illegible] 57.6 rods to a post at the in-[illegible] with the road known [illegible]; thence by the last men-[illegible] 47 degrees, west 62.36 rods, [illegible] west 34.29 rods, south 45.5 [illegible] 4 rods to the place of begin-[illegible] 54 acres and 114 perches, [illegible] about 25 acres improved. To [illegible] property of Luther Walbridge, [illegible] and Bro.

[illegible] of land in Rutland town-[illegible] at a sugar tree; thence by [illegible] Joseph, north 30 degrees, east [illegible]; thence south 60 degrees, [illegible] 23 links to a post; thence by [illegible] D. Bacon 227 rods and [illegible] thence by vacant land, [illegible] 34 rods to place of be-[illegible] acres and 58 perches, [illegible] conveyed to George Long-[illegible] by deed dated May 30th, [illegible] Tioga County in Deed Book [illegible], with large frame dwelling [illegible] room, frame ice house, [illegible] shed, hay barn, cow barn, [illegible] octagon silo, horse barn, [illegible] sheds, other outbuildings [illegible] ornamental trees, and well [illegible] as the property of Wil-[illegible], Mrs. Lida Monroe, Mae [illegible] and [illegible] well.

[illegible] of land in Tioga township; [illegible] post and stone corner, the [illegible] of land of the estate of E. [illegible], and the northeast corner [illegible] south 1 degree east 30.5 rods to [illegible] other lands of the [illegible] degrees, west 122 rods to land [illegible] Dutton; thence along said [illegible] 2 degrees, west 30.5 rods to [illegible] corner; thence along land of [illegible] R. M. Smith estate or both, [illegible] east 122 rods to place of be-[illegible] 29¼ acres, more or less, [illegible] with a frame dwelling [illegible] fruit and ornamental trees [illegible] of water thereon. To be [illegible]

[illegible] A lot of land in Gaines township; [illegible] a post at the northeast corner of [illegible] lot; thence along said Jerry [illegible] north 85¼ degrees, west 25 rods to [illegible] along Radde lands, north 4¾ [illegible] 61.15 rods to a post in the south [illegible] A. Avery lot; thence along [illegible] lands, south 85¼ degrees, [illegible] post in the public highway; [illegible] highway north 4¾ degrees east, 2 [illegible] lands of A. V. Wetmore, [illegible] east 30 rods to a post; [illegible] lands south 4¾ degrees, [illegible] post and north 85¼ de-[illegible] to the place of begin-[illegible] known as the [illegible] part of lands of Wil-[illegible] and same land con-[illegible] Kratzer, by [illegible] date February 18, [illegible] property of Barbara [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] it in this paper and see.

$3.75 THIS BED $3.75

And a Good Woven Wire Spring with Support, for only $3.75.

Compare These Goods and Prices

I have other Iron Beds with woven-wire springs, complete, to $3.50, $2.00 and $3.00 less than you can buy the same goods at any other place.

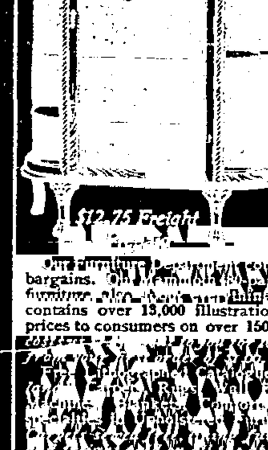
BUY YOUR FURNITURE AT

J. W. ROSS,

KEENEYVILLE, PA.

Your Money Back

If China Closet is not as described



For $12.75 We will ship this China Closet freight prepaid

East of the Mississippi — Points [illegible] are [illegible] to the River. It is made of solid oak, measures 66½ inches high, 38½ inches wide. French beveled [illegible] top, 21 x 5 inches; swell [illegible] glass ends and plate [illegible] Retail value, $20 — $7.25 [illegible] in buying [illegible] the maker.

[illegible] bargains. [illegible] contains over 13,000 illustrations and quotes wholesale prices to consumers on over 150,000 different articles. [illegible]

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

[illegible]

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe, 10, 25, and 50 cents per box. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address 423

STERLING REMEDY COMPANY, CHICAGO or NEW YORK.

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

L. A. GARDNER. J. H. GARDNER

L. A. GARDNER & CO.'S

INSURANCE AGENCY,

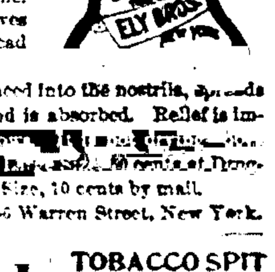
WELLSBORO, PA.

Representing the following companies:

Imperial, of London, Hartford, American Central, Springfield, Citizens, National, of Hartford, Northern Assurance, Fidelity and Casualty.

Fires are inevitable! Accidents will happen Don't fail to insure. L. A. GARDNER & CO

Nasal CATARRH



In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is im-[illegible] 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

DON'T TOBACCO SPIT and SMOKE Your Lifeaway!

You can be cured of any form of tobacco using [illegible] NO-TO-BAC, [illegible] 500,000 [illegible] Cure guaranteed. Book-[illegible] Address STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York. 437

WANTED SALESMEN

[illegible]

THE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY,

Rochester, N. Y.

SUBSCRIBE for the WELLSBORO GAZETTE Only $1.50 a year [illegible] in advance.

NEW PHILIPPINE BILL

Tariff Measure Agreed Upon by Ways and Means Committee.

MAY PASS HOUSE NEXT WEEK

It Establishes the Dingley Tariff on Goods From the Philippines—Bill Will Be Reported to the House On Friday.

Washington, Dec. 11.—The Republican members of the house committee [illegible] bill which was introduced yesterday by Chairman Payne. It establishes the Dingley tariff on goods coming to this country from the Philippines; [illegible] Taft commission duty on goods coming into the Philippines, but provides that the duties so collected "shall be held as a separate fund and paid into the treasury of the Philippines, to be used and expended for the government and benefit of said islands."

The same tonnage as levied on the vessels of other countries shall be levied on vessels coming into the United States from the Philippines, "but for a term of three years, beginning January 1, 1902, the provisions restricting to vessels of the United States transportation of [illegible] and merchandise direct or indirect from one port of the United States to another port of the United States shall [illegible] sels engaging in trade between the [illegible]

The [illegible] when passed on weight shall be held mean on weight at the time of entry.

The last provision is as follows: "That all articles manufactured in bonded manufacturing warehouses, in whole or in part of imported materials, or of material subject to internal revenue tax and intended for exportation from the United States to the Philippine Islands; and all articles subject to internal revenue tax and intended for exportation from the United States to the Philippines, shall, when so exported, under such regulation as the secretary of the treasury may prescribe, be exempt from internal revenue tax, and shall not be charged with duty except the duty levied under this act upon imports into the Philippines."

The Democratic members were furnished copies of the Payne Philippine bill and were [illegible] reported to the house on Friday next and considered in the house next Tuesday. The debate in the house will be brief, probably not exceeding a day, with a special rule [illegible] for bringing the question to a final vote probably on Tuesday evening.

The Democratic members of the ways and means committee held a meeting yesterday in anticipation of the committee discussion of the Philippine tariff bill, with a view of formulating some line of action. Considerable difference of opinion prevailed, and after two hours of general discussion the meeting adjourned, without an agreement as to the course to be pursued.

FIRE IN BIG LICK MINE

Men Escaped By Being Hoisted Through Wall of Fire.

Harrisburg, Dec. 11.—Fire broke out in the Big Lick mine, near Lykens, Monday night and is still raging. Fifteen men were [illegible] when the fire was discovered. They crowded into a car, which was hoisted to the surface through a wall of fire. None of them were injured. Twenty mules were either roasted alive or suffocated by smoke and gas. A steam pump was gotten in operation yesterday and the mine is being flooded to prevent the flames from spreading. It is believed the fire was started by incendiaries, as it broke out in a portion of the mine that has not been worked for some time. A large number of men and boys have been thrown out of work by the conflagration.

Meeting of Pennsylvania State Grange

Johnstown, Pa., Dec. 11.—Two thousand Grangers are in town to attend the 29th annual session of the Pennsylvania State Grange, the opening session of which was held yesterday afternoon. Master William F. Hill, of Westford, Pa., delivered his annual adddress, in which he referred to the fact that in 1890 the wealth of the country was $64,000,000,000, but the farmers had only $16,000,000,000 of it, although 70 per cent. of the wealth annually produced came from the farmers.

Camden to Jersey City By Trolley.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 11.—The Trenton and New Brunswick Railroad company, capital $1,000,000, was incorporated here yesterday. The company filed a map, showing its route between New Brunswick and this city. The new line will connect with the Trenton and Camden Railway company, which already has a line practically completed between this city and Camden. This will make a complete trolley connection between Camden and Jersey City.

Submarine Boat Sank.

New York, Dec. 11.—The submarine boat Fulton accidentally filled with water and sank at her moorings at the works of the Holland company New Suffolk, L. I. Repairs were being made to the craft and by oversight a valve was left open. It is expected that the vessel will be float[illegible]

[illegible] For South Africa.

[illegible] completed their [illegible] years of service for service in South Africa.

AGAINST ANTI-SCALPING LAW

Resolutions Adopted By American Federation of Labor.

[illegible] Dec. 11.—The exclusion of Chinamen, Japanese and other Asiatics from American territory, ticket scalping, legislation and advisability of adopting a universal label for union-made goods, were the principal questions that claimed the attention of the delegates at yesterday's session of the American Federation of Labor. The resolution advocating the exclusion of the Chinese was adopted by the convention with considerable hurrah, but in the matter of excluding natives of Japan and other Asiatic lands a snag was struck, and this [illegible] killed so far as the present convention is concerned. The special committee having charge of the exclusion matter was unanimous in favorably [illegible] the Chinese section of the resolution, but was divided in regard to the Japanese. The burden of the remarks of those opposed to the Japanese resolution was that Chinese immigration was the greater evil of the two.

The ticket scalping debate was quite a lively affair. The committee on resolutions recommended that the resolution presented by the International Typographical Union, denouncing anti-ticket scalping legislation be adopted. The delegates representing [illegible] opened the fight against the resolution, urging the point that such action was beyond the jurisdiction of the federation. A socialist from Chicago said the railroads were "skinning the people, and [illegible]

When the vote was taken those in favor of permitting ticket scalping won by an overwhelming majority.

The agitation for a universal label which has been carried on for a long time, was again defeated. Those who favored the idea fought valiantly, but the delegates had made up their minds on the question and crushed the proposition when it came to a vote.

The convention disposed of much routine business. The important question of trade autonomy was sent to a special committee, which was announced today.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS

Appointment of House Committees Announced—Treaty In Senate.

Washington, Dec. 11.—The open session of the senate yesterday was devoted to routine business, such as [illegible] randums and bills. The senate then went into executive session on motion of Senator Lodge, who has charge of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

Speaker Henderson, at the session of the house yesterday announced the appointment of the committees. Usually the committees are not appointed until after the holiday recess, but Speaker Henderson had the situation well in hand when congress met, and having completed the lists he announced them. The early appointment of the committees should facilitate legislation considerably.

A speech on the Philippines was delivered by the venerable ex-speaker, Galusha A. Grow, of Pennsylvania. Mr. Burke (S. D.) formally announced the death of Senator Kyle, and as a mark of respect the house immediately adjourned.

British View of Ship Subsidy Bill.

London, Dec. 11.—The Daily Telegraph publishes an article, in which [illegible] owners on the ship subsidy bill are represented. The article says some ship owners estimate that the subsidies will amount to nearly 15 per cent. per annum on the cost of construction. British owners keenly resent the restriction of trading between American ports to American vessels. The bill is regarded with great disfavor by all Liverpool ship owners who are interested in the Atlantic trade, and with apprehension by the others.

Believe Miss Cropsey Dead.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Dec. 11.—The family of Nell Cropsey, who heretofore have clung to the belief that she was alive, are now of the opinion that she is dead, but do not state the basis for this change of opinion. A member of the committee of five in charge of the search for the missing girl said: "We believe we will produce the body of Nell Cropsey within 12 hours." Miss Carrie Cropsey, a cousin of the missing girl, last night said: "The family are at a loss for any explanation of the mystery. We now believe Nell is dead."

Will Employ 3,000 Men.

Easton, Pa., Dec. 11.—The Ingersoll-Sergeant Drill company has purchased 50 acres of land along the Lehigh river here, and will erect a mammoth works, including a score of new buildings and large additions to the present ones. Over 3,000 men will be employed in the new works. Four bridges will span the Lehigh, one of which will connect the old with the new plant.

Mrs. Roosevelt Gave Theatre Party.

Washington, Dec. 11.—Mrs. Roosevelt gave a box party at the Columbia Theatre last night, where the president, General S. B. M. Young, John Proctor, United States civil service commissioner, with Mrs. Wolcott, of Colorado, a guest at the White House, and Mrs. Joseph Hobson, witnessed the performance of "The Chaperons," a new musical comedy.

Nicaragua Donates Land For Hospital

[illegible] tarium for the benefit of laborers on the canal.

FIGHTS WITH FILIPINOS

U. S. Troops Repulse Insurgents at Labo and Lipa.

PEOPLE FLEE FROM BATANGAS

200 Riflemen and 400 Bolomen Attacked Nagpartian and Are Driven Off By U. S. Infantry, Who Killed Eleven of Them.

Manila, Dec. 11.—Thousands of people are leaving Batangas province [illegible] Bell reports an important engagement between a force of insurgents at Labo, province of Camarines, and a detachment of the Twentieth Infantry. Three Americans were killed. The loss of the enemy is not known, but is believed to have been heavy. General [illegible] a speedy extermination of the irreconcilables.

A large force of insurgents recently attacked the town of Lipa, province of Batangas, killing one soldier and several Americanistas. Troop H, First Cavalry, killed ten of the enemy before the remainder of the insurgent force escaped. The Filipinos evidently expected a victory, for they had cut the wires and carried off a hundred yards of the line.

A Filipino force, consisting of 200 riflemen and 400 bolomen, recently attacked Nagpartian, province of North Ilocos. Company [illegible] acting on the defensive, drove off the enemy, killing eleven of them, with no loss to themselves.

$10,000,000 FOR EDUCATION

Terms of Mr. Carnegie's Donation Not Yet Made Public.

Washington, Dec. 11.—The proposed gift of $10,000,000 by Andrew Carnegie for educational purposes was discussed at yesterday's meeting of the cabinet. It was stated after the meeting that the president had received a communication from Mr. Carnegie on the subject of the creation of a fund for the extension of higher education. It is said that his proposition does not involve the establishment of university buildings in Washington, but rather the placing of a fund in the hands of government trustees from which the expenses of deserving students may be paid in the line of original investigation at home or abroad. The president will confer with members of congress in regard to the proposed gift before making its terms public.

In an interview, ex-President Daniel C. Gilman, of the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md., said: "So far as I know Mr. Carnegie's plans, they are likely to be of a character which will benefit all the higher institutions of learning in this country, and will encourage advanced students and investigators, whether they have taken degrees or not, to prosecute researches in Washington and elsewhere. I am confident that he does not contemplate the establishment of a university in the ordinary acceptance of that term."

Wayne, W. Va., Almost Wiped Out.

Wayne, W. Va., Dec. 11.—This town, the county seat of Wayne county, was almost wiped out by a fire which broke out shortly after midnight Monday and raged until after daylight yesterday. The damage is estimated at $50,000. There was but little insurance, as the [illegible] The fire originated in a livery stable, and a stiff wind that was blowing caused the flames to sweep on, destroying everything in their path for two squares. The inhabitants could do nothing but stand idly by and see their property go up in smoke.

Wages of Railroaders Garnished.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 11—The wages of 30 Harrisburg employes of the Philadelphia and middle division of the Pennsylvania Railroad company were garnished yesterday by a West Virginia collecting agency. The men are employed in the freight department, and some were notified that they would not receive the full amount of their wages until the claims against them are settled. The claims vary from $3 to $40, and aggregate about $600.

Ask President's Assistance.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Mrs. Caroline Blickle, of Allegheny, Pa., has written to President Roosevelt, asking his assistance in securing what she alleges is due her from a fortune of $100,000 or more left by an uncle, Charles Brenig, who went to Hawaii in 1860, under the name of Simeon Weibert. She alleges that the will under which Samuel M. Damon, formerly a member of President Dole's cabinet, is made chief beneficiary, was forged.

Ice House Collapsed.

New York, Dec. 11.—One man was killed and two received injuries that will probably result fatally, by the collapse of an ice house in the course of construction at Orange, N. J., yesterday. The man killed was Patrick Tonry, a carpenter, and those dangerously hurt are Joseph Wright and Patrick O'Rourke. Two other workmen on the building received slight wounds.

Big Gas Company Incorporated.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 10.—The United Gas and Electric company, capital $4,000,000, was incorporated here yesterday to supply gas and electricity. The incorporators are John D. Fearhake and Frank B. Pierce, of New York, and Edward F. Meeker, of Jersey City.

Will Appeal to Congress.

[illegible] for the erection of the proposed McKinley memorial arch at Washington.

A WASHINGTON MYSTERY

A Fashionable Modiste Victim of An Unknown Assailant.

Washington, Dec. 11.—A mystery that promises to rival in interest the Bonine case developed yesterday, when the unconscious form of Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, a widow of 45 years, one of the most prominent of Washington's fashionable modistes, was discovered in her room at 117 K street, N. W., her skull [illegible] broken, and her body badly bruised in several places. The entire detective force of the city was turned loose on the case, but as yet no clew to the perpetrator has been found.

The general belief is that Mrs. Dennis was attacked while asleep in her back room on the first floor, and that the first blow, in all probability administered with the piano stool, which was smeared with blood, rendered her unconscious. The preliminary investigations by the police fail to indicate that there was any struggle. Mrs. Dennis, in a conscious moment while being carried to the hospital, said that some one had "hurt" her, but when pressed for details merely responded "never mind." When found she was clad in her night clothes, and was in bed under the covers. An operation was performed on Mrs. Dennis at the hospital yesterday afternoon.

The victim of the assault remains in a very precarious condition at the hospital. The physicians say she may regain consciousness, in which event it is hoped she will say something that will [illegible] something to work upon. No arrests have yet been made. The physicians hold out only a slight hope of the woman's recovery.

DEFENSE CLOSED IN BONINE CASE

Case May Be Given to Jury Tomorrow Evening.

Washington, Dec. 11.—After three days of almost continuous objections to questions by the defense in the Bonine case and extended arguments on them, District Attorney Gould has abandoned these tactics. Mrs. Bonine's lawyers have been trying by every means to get such questions to the expert witnesses as would tend to show that the wounds which caused the death of Ayres could have been inflicted in the manner described by the defendant in her original statement.

Deputy Coroner Glazebrook and Morgue Keeper Schoenberger were examined at the afternoon session. Their testimony was unimportant. The defense then announced its side closed. The prayers of both sides were submitted today, and the case probably will go to the jury tomorrow evening or Friday morning.

Aged Woman Frozen to Death.

New York, Dec. 10.—The body of Mrs. Clena Hendrickson, a widow, was found frozen in the meadows near Matawan, N. J., yesterday. She was 70 years of age. Mrs. Hendrickson had lived with her daughter, Mrs. James T. Gray, of Holmdel, but two weeks ago insisted on earning her own living and went to work for a farmer. She left his house a week ago, without saying where she was going. It is supposed that she started to the village to see her [illegible] and became lost in the woods, and wandered about exposed to the intense cold of the day and night a week ago until she perished where her body was found.

Bank Cashier Steals $100,000.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 10.—J. Fleishman, cashier of the Farmers and Merchants' Bank of this city, has disappeared with a sum of the bank's money, which Vice President H. W. Hellman estimates at $100,000. Fleishman has not been seen since 9 o'clock Saturday morning. He notified the bank people that he was ill Saturday morning, and would not be at his desk. Nothing was thought of the matter at the time. When he failed to report yesterday his accounts were examined and the shortage discovered.

Democrats Carry Boston.

Boston, Dec. 11.—The Democrats completely overwhelmed the Republicans in the city election yesterday, General Patrick A. Collins being elected over Mayor Thomas N. Hart by the largest plurality in a quarter of a century. The Democrats likewise obtained control of both branches of the city government, elected their street commissioners and practically all their candidates for the school commission. As usual, the city voted strongly in favor of license.

Leased Land For Isthmian Canal.

Managua, Nicaragua, Dec. 10.—Dr. Fernando Sanchez, Nicaraguan minister of foreign affairs, and William L. Merry, United States minister to Nicaragua, Salvador and Costa Rica signed a treaty yesterday by which Nicaragua agrees to [illegible] of Nicaraguan territory, six miles wide, which includes the route of the Nicaraguan canal, to the United States perpetually.

Pennsy Makes Improvements.

Philadelphia, Dec. 11.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company [illegible] awarded contracts for improvements involving an expenditure of more than a million [illegible] dollars. The contracts included the erection of a four track stone arch bridge over the Raritan river at New Brunswick, N. J., and a new single-track tunnel through the crest of the Allegheny mountains at Gallitzin.

Buffalo's Treasurer Resigned.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 11.—City Treasurer Philip Gerst, who was suspended [illegible] pending an investigation [illegible] given a hearing before the mayor today.

CHALLENGED TO RESIGN

Controversy of South Carolina Senators Renewed.

McLAURIN DEFENDS HIS COURSE

He Denounced the Democratic Leaders. In Reply of Chairman Jones. Senator Tillman Renewed His Former Offer.

Washington, Dec. 10.—The senate chamber was the scene of a highly dramatic episode yesterday, when Senator Tillman, of South Carolina challenged his colleague, Senator McLaurin, to resign with him on the [illegible] in order, to use his own [illegible] that they might be able "to wash their dirty linen at home." Mr. McLaurin did not take up the [illegible] dent was the direct sequel of the very bitter controversy which arose between the senators in South Carolina last spring. Mr. McLaurin arose to a question of personal privilege yesterday and proceeded to explain what he charged was a conspiracy to discredit him in his own state for acts and views which did not meet the approval of certain Democratic leaders. He declared that he was being humiliated, and, according to public prints, was to be excluded from the Democratic caucus because he had acted upon certain public issues in a way which he considered was for the best interests of the country and the people of his state. He announced himself a believer in the old Democracy, and after denouncing the new Democratic leaders who, he said, had brought destruction upon the party, declared that he could not be driven from his old allegiance into a party with which he did not care to affiliate.

Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic committee, denied that he had any "ulterior motives" in not inviting Mr. McLaurin to enter the caucus. Mr. Tillman reviewed the whole controversy. Mr. Hoar took occasion to express the opinion that it was very doubtful whether both the South Carolina seats in the senate were not in reality vacant. He contended that when the resignations were offered last spring to the governor they could not be withdrawn thereafter, having become immediately operative.

Mr. Tillman responded that for his part he was willing to have the senate declare both seats vacant.

Mr. McLaurin agreed with Mr. Tillman.

"Very well," said Mr. Tillman, "let us both now write out our resignations and send them without more ado to the president of the senate. Then the people of South Carolina can decide whether my colleague is to have a seat here for six years and I none, or the reverse."

This challenge Mr. McLaurin did not accept, and the episode was brought to an abrupt close by Senator Lodge moving an executive session.

Explosion Injures Nine.

Sharon, Pa., Dec. 11.—An explosion that shook the earth for miles around shattered windows in hundreds of houses at South Sharon, moved adjacent buildings from their foundations and caused the injury of nine men, two perhaps fatally, occurred at the Sharon Steel company's plant yesterday. The explosion occurred in the casting department of the mill. The metal was being poured from the ladle into the casting machine, when it came in contact with some water, which caused a blast that was felt for a great distance. The casting house was completely wrecked. Large strips of heavy corrugated iron beams and other material were hurled hundreds of yards by the explosion. The casting machine and conveyor were damaged almost beyond repair. A part of the conveyor was blown several hundred feet, while not a vestige of the iron roof of the mill remains. Windows in the office of the steel company on Broadway, [illegible] from the explosion, were broken, and in Sharon and South Sharon the shock was felt like an earthquake.

Riot Among Soldiers.

Tien Tsin, Dec. 10.—A sentry belonging to an Indian regiment stationed here ran amuck yesterday and killed two of his comrades. A company of Punjab Infantry was at once ordered out to secure him. In the meantime the sentry had been shot by German troops, who then opened fire on the Punjabis. A free fight ensued, as a result of which three German privates were killed and a German officer mortally wounded, while three of the Indian troops were killed and several were wounded.

Dead Bodies Seen From Trains.

Colon, Colombia, Dec. 10.—The normal conditions prevail at Panama. At San Pablo, Buena Vista and other points skulls and bones of the dead bodies which were recently buried are still visible from the trains. It is thought probable that General Alban will devote his attention shortly to an effort to recapture the port of Tumaco, which is now held by a force of 3,000 Liberals.

Coroner's Verdict In Dale Poisoning.

New York, Dec. 10.—The coroner's inquiry into the death of Emmeline Dale, the child of Elizabeth Howe Dale, who is under arrest, charged with poisoning, was held in Hoboken last night and resulted in a verdict of accidental death from poisoning.

[illegible] Quarantined.

[illegible] A great number of students at the university are from the United States.

The Separate Waist

HE separate waist for [illegible] season shows an infinite variety of conceptions and arrangements. The [illegible] in the stores and dressmaking [illegible] will be unusually brilliant so far [illegible] form of garment is concerned. [illegible] is an unusual number of novel[illegible] en, and, in fact, it would [illegible] ll the models are distinctly new, [illegible] w, if any, of the old ones being [illegible] pronounced feature is "less [illegible] The old-time fullness is still [illegible]

BLACK AND WHITE TAFFETA.

[illegible] concealed feature found on [illegible] every waist is a touch of [illegible] embroidery or appliqued [illegible] is constantly changing and [illegible] array of various forms. [illegible] from the low price of $5, [illegible] to those that cost $100 and [illegible] are constructed of [illegible] panne and velvet, also broad[illegible] and plain taffetas very much [illegible]. As for sleeves the variety [illegible] both in regard to the cut and [illegible]. The narrow tucks and [illegible] running lengthwise to the el[illegible] below are very effective. [illegible] waists are mostly tailor[illegible] and they are embroidered, [illegible] corded, appliqued and [illegible] with velvet ribbon or fancy [illegible] and every possible color is [illegible] there is a tendency toward [illegible] and soft shades. [illegible] the new models in viscosa [illegible] panne designed for manner [illegible] in colors of ecru, with small [illegible] roll revers. The blouse is [illegible] with deep [illegible] revers [illegible] shoulders hanging in a broad [illegible] The revers are lined with [illegible] with a strapping of silk at the [illegible]ge. There is a collar and fancy [illegible]ce of real lace. The sleeves [illegible]inted turn-back cuffs, with [illegible]gs of red to finish. Full un[illegible]es of lace in narrow cuffs. [illegible]er of the new models is of [illegible]rinted panne in turquoise [illegible]h a large white design. The [illegible]

[illegible]ROOSA PRINTED PANNE.

[illegible]ke of white satin is covered [illegible] applique. Below this is a vest [illegible] white satin. The velvet is at [illegible], with a loose jacket effect. [illegible] is tight-fitting and fashioned [illegible]nne velvet. The blouse has [illegible] shaped sleeves with lace ap[illegible] finish, and tucked under[illegible] the satin.

[illegible]he more striking models is in [illegible]eta combined with white taf[illegible]as a vest of tucked white taf[illegible]orded and slightly bloused, [illegible] of white French lace run[illegible]und. Pointed revers, edged [illegible]. The blouse is caught in [illegible]t below the bust line with a [illegible] black velvet and long ends. [illegible]s are cut in a point below the [illegible]th full puffing of tucked [illegible] in cuff of black lace. A frill [illegible] black and white lace falling [illegible]hand.

[illegible]on the early Victorian styles [illegible]y returning, and of course [illegible] will follow the lead of Lon[illegible] regard. The low-cut dress[illegible]ll sleeves, the fichus, the pel[illegible]

[illegible]ifference of Meaning.

[illegible]ralness of some of our [illegible]rs was aptly illustrated the [illegible], when a small party of [illegible]ks entered an uptown con[illegible] shop and called for three [illegible] ice-cream. The ladies [illegible], after taking their orders, [illegible] know "would the ladies [illegible] have French or Amer[illegible]

[illegible] simable reply.—N. Y. Times.

hair drawn over the ears and gathered low in the neck. Will ringlets come back, too? [illegible] loved those curious appendages, which framed the face, half hiding, half revealing it in the most coquettish manner possible. Yet ringlets seem appropriate to nerves, delicacy, thin, heelless shoes and an air of fragile femininity which we have strangely outgrown. The poke-bonnet, the ringlets which required constant attention, [illegible] ly, are surely unsuited to quick movements—to the bicycle, the hockey field, the swift movements getting in and out of omnibuses, or the lightning drive on a motor-car. Still, they may return, and our elegantes will, no doubt, find an opportune and charming way of wearing them.

Buttons must be expected to have considerable importance this winter, judging by the number and variety in size [illegible] produced.

A novelty—but, like most such, really a revivial of an old fashion—is a velvet-covered buttons. These I saw employed on a bolero of black cloth, which was turned back at the top with revers covered with black lace and edged with black velvet ribbon; this ribbon then passed along the edges of the bolero all round, and was apparently fixed on just under the revers on each side, and again at the point of the bolero, with big velvet buttons embroidered with gold-thread. The bell-sleeve was similarly trimmed with black ribbon-velvet, [illegible] with gold-embroidered velvet buttons.

In another case [illegible] velvet buttons used on a tea-jacket of a [illegible] tone of the same color and material, three of these trimming each side and seeming to hold the [illegible] with lace.

Though dressmakers are saying that the Empire style is to carry all before [illegible]

OF VISCOSA PRINTED PANNE IN ECRU.

[illegible] this winter for evening gowns, if not for walking ones, the [illegible] avant-courier [illegible] has not by any means given itself over to the loose, long style of evening garb known as Empire.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell, for her revival of "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," has a lovely white-and-silver evening gown. The skirt is of gauze adorned with huge painted roses, and over it behind, to the very tip of the train, fall two sweeping ends of silver tissue, that start in the fashion of Watteau from [illegible] the shoulders.

[illegible] It is of lace over [illegible] satin. Wreaths of cretonne decoupee are scattered on it, silver sequins are worked over it, and the deep cape-collar is embroidered with silver and edged with sable.

Her breakfast-gown in the next scene is of pale blue soft silk, trimmed with three accordion-plaited ruches rising higher at the back than the front; a loose jacket forms the bodice.

SARAH DAVIDSON.

Turned the Tables.

A lecturer was once descanting on the superiority of nature over art, when an irreverent listener in the audience fired that old question at him:

"How would you look, sir, without your wig?"

"Young man," instantly replied the [illegible], pointing his finger at him, "you have furnished me an apt illustration for my argument. My baldness can be traced to the artificial habits of our modern civilization, while the wig I am wearing"—here he raised his voice till the windows shook—"is made of natural hair!"

The audience testified its appreciation of the point by loud applause, and the speaker was not interrupted again.—Youth's Companion.

Two Notable Exceptions.

The Irish are scarcely less noted for their gallantry than for their wit, and an example of this virtue is found in the case of an Irish judge who presided at a trial in which the plaintiffs were a lady and her daughter.

In summing up the case, the judge this gallantly began:

"Gentlemen of the jury: Everything in this case seems plain—except Mrs. O'Toole and her charming daughter."—Youth's Companion.

Effect of Fermented Manure.

Fermented manure gives good results, as it contains more soluble matter than that which is not decomposed. Corn sometimes fails because the manure does not have time to decompose in the soil before the plants mature, and the corn looks yellow because there is an insufficient amount of [illegible] in the soil. Later in the season the corn may show a good color, but in their haste to get it in proper condition when the seed is put in the crop secures a good start.

PLANS OF OUR NAVY

The Winter Cruise of the North Atlantic Squadron.

On the Way South It Will Stop at Charleston Exposition — New Feature Will Be Speed [illegible]

The winter cruise of the North Atlantic squadron will be a notable one, for the vessels of the squadron will stop at Charleston for four days during the exposition, and visit Cuba, Porto Rico, the Isthmus of Panama, Colombia, Trinidad island, on the northeast coast of Venezuela, and the Danish West Indies.

The squadron will coal at Newport News and take on provisions at Hampton Roads, leaving the latter place on the first of December, and, after the stop at Charleston, proceed directly to Havana, where it is scheduled to arrive on December 11. After a five-days' stay at Havana, the squadron will proceed to Matanzas and then to Culebra island, Porto Rico, arriving at the latter point two days before Christmas. Here the squadron will lie for a full month, and then visit, in turn, Port Antonio, Mayaguese, Samana bay and Guantanamo, arriving at Guantanamo on February 20, 1902.

On February 24, the squadron will weigh anchor and sail almost due south for Colon, leaving there on the evening of the twenty-eighth. On the fourth of March the vessels will leave for Carupacna for a three-days' stay, and then sail to Trinidad, leaving there on March 9, and remaining five days before starting north. After a stop at Martinique the squadron will proceed to St. Thomas and St. John, and then to Culebra island and San Juan, which point they will reach on April 21, New Style.

This will be the first time in several years that the North Atlantic squadron as a whole has visited the south coast of South America.

An important feature of the itinerary made public is the provision for speed-trials, which will be [illegible] vessel of the squadron of [illegible] south. This will be a new practice, instituted at the instance of Engineer in Chief Melville, and is for the purpose of ascertaining whether the vessels have deteriorated in any respect. The runs will be according to the "graduated speed system," in which a vessel is run at low, medium and high speed successively, in order to test her performance under all speed conditions.

PYTHON SWALLOWS 'GATOR.

Big Reptile at Central Park Menagerie Makes a Meal of Captive Companion.

The largest of the three pythons in the Central park (N. Y.) menagerie felt hungry the other morning. Uncoiling itself from around the top of the tree trunk in its cage in the monkey house, it crawled over toward the tank of water, where two young alligators were lying asleep, and swallowed the largest one, which measured two feet eight inches. The snake was eight feet long. The swallowing process is supposed to have taken about an hour.

Jake Cook, the keeper of the monkey house, entered the building as the snake was completing its meal. He reached the cage in time to see the alligator's tail disappear from view. The keeper knew that he could not rescue the victim without damage to the python, and pythons are more valuable than alligators, so he notified Superintendent Smith, of the menagerie. Smith ordered the other two alligators taken from the cage, lest the snake swallow them also. The python evidently did not consider one alligator sufficient for a meal, for he slid into the water tank at frequent intervals and searched about for the others he had [illegible] Now [illegible] stretched itself on the floor there was an apparent bulge in its middle, and the outlines of the alligator could be seen plainly.

Superintendent Smith said that the python would have its strange meal digested in about a week without any bad consequences. He was surprised at its conduct, as the two species of reptiles live in peace with each other in a wild state, and that was why he had put them in the same cage.

T'S NO USE—

A man simply can't make any sort of success in business if he's tortured with backache.

That means if his kidneys are out of order.

Backache is really kidney ache.

It is one of the first indications of kidney disease. It's bad enough of itself, but it leads to a great deal [illegible]

[illegible] It is stopped.

How?

Doan's Kidney Pills

[illegible] form of kidney trouble [illegible] cure and [illegible] cured.

Mr. J. W. K[illegible], [illegible] of the Penn, of No. 311 Union street, Bethlehem, Pa., says:

[illegible]

[illegible] Kidney Pills for sale by [illegible] Price 50 cents a box. [illegible] N. Y., sole agents for [illegible]

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

[illegible] LITERARY WORK.

[illegible] in Spain to Be [illegible] by Members of Ministry.

[illegible] literary work, written by [illegible] members of the ministry and prominent public men. Senor Moret, minister of the interior, and Carmen Sylva will deal with the personality of the queen regent, says the London correspondent of the New York Tribune. Senor Silvela will discuss the relations of political parties, and Pi Y. Magill, republicanism. Senor Villaverde will take up finance, Admiral Cervera, the navy; Lopez Dominguez, the army; the duke of Tetuan, international relations; Senor Gamazo, judicatur reform, and Sanchez [illegible] chapter for Americans will be the colonial disaster, from the pen of Senor Maura, late minister to the colonies. Socialism will be jointly discussed by Prof. Agacarate, of the [illegible] of Madrid, and Pablo Iglesias, a labor leader, well known in England; and clericalism, by Senor [illegible], Spanish ambassador to the [illegible] and Senor Canalojas, [illegible] of the anti-clericals. The merchant marine will be considered by Marquis Camillo [illegible] culture, industry, art, letters and Africa have been assigned to ministers who are well known Spanish writers. This literary enterprise, which will be carried out with the collaboration of the leading men of all parties, is a notable sign of intellectual revival.

The historic peninsula of Spain, instead of being ruined by the loss of her colonies by the war with the United States, has been benefited by her deliverance from ruinous economic conditions, says the correspondent. The close of the regency and the opening of the new reign may mark the beginning of an era of progress and prosperity.

INDUSTRIES OF CONNECTICUT.

Census Bureau Statistics Has Interesting Array of Facts.

The census office has issued a statement giving the status of the manufacturing industries of the state of Connecticut for the census year of 1900 and making comparisons extending back to 1850. The table shows a steady growth for all of those years. For last year the figures are as follows: Capital employed, $314,696,736; salaried officials, 9,981; salaries, $12,286,050; average number wage-earners, 176,694; total wages, $82,[illegible] $23,089,806; cost of materials used, $185,641,219; value of products, $352,824,706.

In 1850 the wage-earners numbered 50,731, the figures given for the last census therefore showing an increase of 4,248 per cent. for the half century. The greatest number of wage-earners engaged in manufactures at any one [illegible] over 23 per cent. of the entire population. The statement also shows that over 92 per cent. of the entire manufacturing product for the state in 1890 was produced in 61 cities and towns.

It is stated that the capital invested for the entire state represents the value of land, buildings, machinery, etc., and the live capital utilized, but that it does not include the capital stock of any of the manufacturing corporations of the state.

POVERTY TO AFFLUENCE.

Peddler's Wife Heir to a Fortune of $500,000 Left to Her by Her Grandmother.

Mrs. Peter Koster, wife of a peddler, whose home is on People street, West Hoboken, N. J., is heir to $500,000, left to her by her grandmother, who died in England a short time ago. Mrs. Koster was married [illegible] She was informed [illegible] and a similar amount to a brother, who had been missing for several years. She was told also that it would be necessary to prove definitely what had become of her brother before the estate could be settled up finally. Mrs. Koster wrote to friends in all parts of the world, asking about her brother. He was located in Hamilton, Ont. The brother and sister have arranged with Councilor E. J. Wicheld, of Hoboken, to go to England next month to complete arrangements for having the fortune transferred to them.

PERIL IN YANKEE SHOES.

W. H. Peach, British Shoemaker, Declares American Footwear a Menace to Life.

W. H. Peach, head of the Peach company, limited, bootmakers, has begun the opposition to American footwear in England. He opens the campaign with a proclamation to the effect that American shoes are dangerous to life.

"If the demand for Yankee boots continues," says Mr. Peach, "there will be many vacant chairs at the firesides of [illegible] These boots are made of spongy, inferior leather, and cannot be worn without having wet feet. The danger is especially great with women. American ladies' shoes are as [illegible] and wholly unsuited to the English climate. American shoes are merely a fad which sensible people avoid, preferring the home-made article."

No Docked Horses for President.

President Roosevelt will not have docked horses attached to his carriage. The president has had experience enough, says the Chicago Record-Herald, to know what constitutes [illegible] in a horse when he sees it.

His Views.

She—I suppose you never met your affinity, Mr. Olebatch?

He—I don't know. One can't tell one's affinity except by marrying, and then it may turn out to be a case of mistaken identity.—Puck.

Strange Chance.

[illegible] What in creation will I do for a shirt?

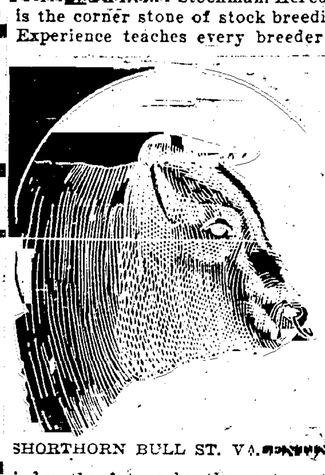
Wife. Didn't the washerwoman send them [illegible]—N. Y. Weekly.

LIVE STOCK

INFLUENCE OF BLOOD.

Qualities in Cattle, as Well as Good Ones, May Be Inherited and Perpetuated.

Heredity is the transmission of characters from parent to offspring. This transmission may be either beneficial or detrimental to the breeder. A poor quality, as well as a good one, may be inherited. It is by being able to control this law of heredity so that only the good qualities are transmitted [illegible] success is attained, says H. C. [illegible] in Nebraska Stockman. Heredity is the corner stone of stock breeding. Experience teaches every breeder to



SHORTHORN BULL ST. VA[illegible]

judge the future by the past, or the coming offspring by its progenitors. The breeder knows what to expect and feels sure that the young will possess some of the characteristics of their parents.

A very [illegible] example of this establishment of [illegible] is to be found in the pure-bred strain of [illegible] of polled shorthorns was agitated 15 or 20 years ago and culminated in the Polled Durham breed, which we have to-day. The process followed was to take the best mulley cows to be found among the common stock and breed to pure-bred shorthorn bulls, saving the polled heifers [illegible] from this union and breeding back to pure-bred shorthorn bulls. This process was followed constantly, eliminating the common stock blood and preserving the polled characteristic until for all practical purposes they were pure-bred shorthorns.

While this process was going on a pure-bred shorthorn cow in Lorain county, O., gave birth to twin heifer calves from a shorthorn bull that were hornless. About the same time a pure-bred shorthorn bull calf was dropped without horns. These polled pure breds, which were in reality "sports," were mated, the offspring from them that [illegible] were saved, and from those three calves there are to-day several hundred polled cattle.

MOLASSES AS FEED.

Experiments Conducted by French Government Experts Have Proved Quite Satisfactory.

Many agriculturists in Europe have long been convinced that molasses is an admirable food for horses and cattle, and their conviction is now stronger than ever, owing to certain experiments which have been recently tried and which proved eminently [illegible].

The French government has publicly notified agriculturists that it will do all in its power to aid them in popularizing the new food.

The most notable experiments with molasses have been made by M. Decrombecque, a chemist, and M. [illegible] at Arras. They assert that chopped [illegible] an excellent cure for asthma, and, furthermore, that food of this kind neither loads the stomach nor impedes respiration. They also think it likely that during digestion the sugar in the food produces alcohol, and they say that, if so, the animal's health is bound to be benefited thereby.

Two other experts, MM. Dickson and Malpeaux, have also made experiments in regard to the effect of molasses on the general health, weight and milk of animals, and they have arrived at the following conclusions:

First, that ordinary food mixed with molasses quickly increases the weight of sheep, pigs and cows; second, that animals which are fed in this way give more and richer milk than they did before; third, that molasses is an excellent food for horses, since they quickly acquire a liking for it and apparently do not lose any of their strength, the only noticeable change being a slight tendency to stoutness, and, fourth, that molasses can effectively be used with food of an inferior quality, since the animals will readily eat it, whereas they would not care for it in its natural condition.

M. Albert Vilcoq, a French professor of agriculture, says that the French government is acting very wisely in encouraging farmers to use molasses, but he points out that care should be taken not to give the animals too much of it, as, owing to its heating qualities, it may produce a deleterious effect if given too often or too abundantly.—N. Y. Herald.

The Busy Business Man.

Lord Rosebery wants to try the experiment of having England governed by business men. But where are the business men, asks the Chicago Record-Herald, who will be willing to give up their time to such a trivial matter?

Suggestion of Prof. Starr.

We wish, says the Chicago Record-Herald, to respectfully call Prof. Starr's attention to the fact that nearly all Indians part their hair in the middle.

Has Come to Go.

[illegible] for automobiles, which looks the [illegible] to be [illegible] the horse [illegible] go.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays [illegible] It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It [illegible] ing Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

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Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association,

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ONE OF THE GREAT LIFE COMPANIES OF THE WORLD

FREDERICK A. BURNHAM, President.

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OVER 80,000 POLICY HOLDERS, REPRESENTING NEARLY $200,000,000 OF INSURANCE.

Invested Assets, over	$12,250,000
Government Deposits, over	$600,000
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The twentieth annual statement shows that the 1900 business brought an increase in assets—an increase in income—an increase in surplus, and an increase in insurance in force. For full information address

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HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y.

ARE YOU DEAF?

ANY HEAD NOISES?

ALL CASES OF

DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE

by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.

HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.

F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, SAYS:

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30, 1901.

Gentlemen:—Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.

About five years ago my right ear began to sing, and this kept on growing worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.

I underwent a treatment for catarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.

I then saw your advertisement accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you heartily and beg to remain. Very truly yours,

F. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.

Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation.

Examination and advice free. YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME at a nominal cost.

Water Motor For Sale.

We have a Backus Water Motor which has been in use in our office a few months only, and which we will sell cheap. It is complete in all its parts and is in perfect condition. It is a large motor, capable of developing 3 horse-power under a pressure of 60 pounds. List price, $110.

What Will You Give For It? . . . .

No reasonable offer will be refused. If you are looking for a motor [illegible] line.

WELLSBORO GAZETTE

WELLSBORO, PA.

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[illegible] secured. OR NO FEE. Send model, sketch, or photo for free report on patentability. Book "How to Obtain U. S. and Foreign Patents and Trade-Marks" FREE. Highest terms ever offered to inventors. PATENT LAWYERS OF 25 YEARS' PRACTICE. 20,000 PATENTS PROCURED THROUGH THEM. All business confidential. Sound advice. Faithful service. Moderate charges.

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THE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY,

Rochester, N. Y.

AN ADVERTISEMENT HERE PAYS BIG

Try it in this paper and see.

LAY OF THE CITY MAN

Oh! I'm longing for the country [illegible]

Oh! I love the honey'd flowers
As they open in the morn;
[illegible] to walk, bare-headed,
[illegible]
[illegible] the farm, whose sweetest music
Is the lowing of the kine—
And I get the morning paper
Once a fortnight (if it's fine).

Oh! I hanker for a dwelling
[illegible] the home of "Chanticleer,"
[illegible]
[illegible] morning, to my ear,
To arouse me, lest the beauties
[illegible] lose,
When I'd give a dollar-sixty
For another little snooze.

Oh! I hunger for a moment
In a cool, secluded spot,
With the buttercup and clover,
And the blue forget-me-not,
For I dearly love the country's
Unsophisticated state—
[illegible] city,
With improvements up to date.
—Arthur Crawford, in Brooklyn Life.

THE TRADERS THAT WHIPPED THE MAN-O'WAR.

By M. Quad (C. B. Lewis.)

It was bad enough that the British insisted on the right of search on the high seas, and impressed our sailors and seized our crafts with the assurance that follows might, but when the French, after coming to our aid in the struggle for liberty, turned about and followed the example of John Bull, every American could see lots of trouble ahead. Trouble there was, and the national embargo [illegible] to it, but before our ships were laid up to rot at the wharves something happened at sea well worth relating.

Up at New Bedford lived Israel [illegible] Ichabod Jones, who had [illegible] all their lives, and during the war had [illegible] vateers, [illegible] though not twins they looked a like, talked alike, and seeing one was as good as seeing both. With the money obtained from the prize courts each built himself a brig, and they were named "Mary" and "Susan."

As England and France were at war and the carrying trade was mostly in the hands of Americans, there was money to be made in supplying either [illegible] the French edict which was a blow at England, the French market was the best, but to avoid seizure by the British ships the cargoes were run to Holland. The brigs had made a trial trip together before loading, and they were fast and showed the same speed. They were almost ready to sail when Israel went over to the "Susan" and said to his brother:

"Brother Ichabod, I am a man of peace, who goes his own way and wants no quarrel."

"So 'm I," replied Ichabod, as he put down the hammer he had been using in the cabin.

"We are like to be overhauled by the British and French both and, as we know, there are pirates still on the high seas. Speakin' without heat and in a brotherly way, I am not goin' to be a worm of the dust."

"If you ain't then I ain't," said Ichabod, as he looked up for the first time.

"We are to finish our cargoes in Boston, and I have been thinkin'—nay, Ichabod, I have concluded—to mount a Long Tom on the deck of the 'Mary.' I will also provide powder, shot and shell, and if any enemy seeks to overhaul me I will let fly at him in hopes to do him injury."

"And by gum I will do the same!" exclaimed Ichabod with commendable spirit as he resumed his work.

[illegible] There were those who laughed and sneered at the idea, asking what a single gun would do against a broadside, but Capts. Israel and Ichabod would be drawn into no argument. They were carrying out an idea which was shortly to make the humble brigs more famous for a time than the old "Constitution" herself. As both were bound for the same port across the seas, they finished loading at about the same time and got away together. Both brigs had been built on the lines of privateers and were well manned, and they had not been three days at sea when Capt. Israel said to his mate:

"Joshua, speakin' as a sailor might, and without undue boastin', lemme say that our craft can sail around the navies of England and France as a colt gallops around a hay-stack."

And in that same hour Ichabod heaved the log, looked at the record, and rubbing his big hands together he said to his mate:

"Jeptha, by gum and by thunder, but this brig has got wings and is overhaulin' the sea gulls! I'm almost sorry we brought that cannon, for I believe that we can outrun anythin' that sails, leavin' out brother Israel's clipper."

For ten days the brigs ran almost side by side. Then in a strong squall and a dark night they became separated. When daylight came Capt. Israel and the "Mary" might be far astern or far ahead, but it made no great difference. As a matter of fact he was 30 miles ahead. The squall had let go of him the soonest, and he [illegible] the canvas under a favoring [illegible] and cracked ahead. With fair [illegible] he had reached a point within [illegible] miles of his port when the wind [illegible] he ran into a fog. After [illegible] hours of slowly forging ahead [illegible] to find the "Susan" [illegible] a French frigate [illegible] of wind there [illegible] and the frigate [illegible] A boat [illegible] and the cargo [illegible] full of [illegible] no question [illegible] It was just at [illegible] ran into the trap [illegible] the fog settled down again [illegible] of the "L'Orient," with [illegible] frigate [illegible]

[illegible] was proud and pompous. [illegible] "man" was to [illegible] of Yankeedom [illegible] he may have been considerably influenced by the fact that the crew of the "L'Orient" had planned to celebrate [illegible] that night. When the fog closed down the two crafts were not over a quarter of a mile [illegible] and at the end of every [illegible] the little midshipman struck the brig's bell and was answered by [illegible] of the frigate. Capt. Ichabod was surprised, chagrinned and [illegible] less. It not only meant the loss of the brig and cargo, but imprisonment for the entire crew. His Long Tom, covered with a tarpaulin and of which he had expected so much, might as well have been a log of wood. Even when the fog closed down and the little midshipman was the only enemy aboard, he sat in his cabin with his face in his hands and despair in his [illegible] [illegible] room. "They are too happy over [illegible] to miss him," explained Joshua, "and we'll keep on striking the bell for him and pray for a breath of wind."

Both crafts were lifting lazily on the ground swell and pointing their bows all around the compass, but after ten minutes careful watching Capt. Ichabod became satisfied that they were drifting slowly apart. In order that the enemy might not suspect this the bell was struck with stronger hand for a time. Of a sudden there came a draught of air. The [illegible] captain may have heard of fogs without wind and fogs with wind, but he was not on guard that night. The "Susan" began stealing [illegible] had put a mile between them when the Frenchman woke up and fired a gun. Then he banged away [illegible] The breeze increased and the brig slipped along, and by and by the captain of the "Susan" knew he had a [illegible]

At the end of the morning watch the breeze freshened, the fog [illegible] away, and when day broke Capt. Ichabod's heart gave a sudden jump. Not three miles away to the [illegible] was Capt. Israel's "Mary" bearing down upon him, and 10 or 12 miles to the east was the "L'Orient." Israel was coming along on his voyage, and the frigate was lying to until daylight should reveal her quarry. [illegible] an hour later the captain of the "[illegible]" was aboard the "Susan" to find out what it all meant. When he had heard the story of the capture and escape, Capt. Israel smote his knee and exclaimed:

"By hen, Ichabod, speakin' as a brother might, but we are no worms of the dust!"

"By gum and by thunder, but we ain't!" agreed Ichabod.

"Ichabod," resumed Israel as he [illegible] in his walk, "it's bad enough to be bounced about by the British, but when it comes to the French [illegible] around on what's left of us we can't stand it. In a brotherly way, and not meanin' to do evil, I tell you we must go in and give that [illegible] a lickin'. She's got carronades and a plenty of 'em, but we've got Long Toms and can take our distance. By hen, brother, but we'll pound and [illegible] and drub that Frenchman 'till he hollers for mercy!"

"By gum and by thunder, but we [illegible] Israel!" was the reply, and they at once began preparations.

The breeze freshened 'till the brigs worked like a couple of tops, and they sailed down to meet the frigate. The Frenchman skipped with delight at [illegible] when he saw them begin to [illegible] that he was puzzled. A few minutes later a solid shot came crashing into his side, and he began leaping about and chattering like a lunatic. The "Mary" sent in the first shot, but the twin "Susan" was not far behind. The frigate let go a whole broadside at them, but had the mortification of seeing the shot fall far short. Boom! went a Long Tom, and crash! came a third shot, and [illegible] the strangest sea fight of the century was on. Two merchant brigs, with holds full of flour and corn and groceries and cloths, and mounting only a gun apiece, were sailing 'round and 'round the frigate mounting 36 guns and carrying a crew of 180 men —not only sailing 'round and 'round her, but dropping shot aboard which made the splinters fly and reddened her scuppers with blood.

"By hen, but we are pounding her!" exclaimed Capt. Israel, as he watched [illegible] shots and swung his hat.

"By gum and by thunder, but I feel a wickedness and a rejoicing!" exclaimed Capt. Ichabod as he patted the big gun which had just sent a shot aboard the frigate that plowed its way from stem to stern.

The "L'Orient" was like a cow baited by dogs. If she crowded on sail to follow one the other was biting at her heels. She wasted tons of solid shot in seeking to do damage, but not a missile came aboard. The pride and pomposity of the French captain kept him under the fire of the Long Toms for two hours, but when he had lost a dozen men he tried to back out of the affair. His willingness to cry quits was not reciprocated, however. The brigs could outsail him, and they continued to follow and pitch shot aboard. He had more men killed and wounded, and he had his sails riddled and his yards shot out of the slings and his foretopgallant mast brought down. Then, with tears of rage in his eyes and a helpless feeling in his heart he hauled down the flag. As [illegible] he went aboard of the "Mary," which was nearest. Capt. [illegible] [illegible] American flag, but we have no war [illegible]

They didn't try to make it [illegible] to him. He was escorted to the side and bowed into his boat, and the captive midshipman sent along with him, and he returned to his ship the most astonished Frenchman in the world. He was also the maddest. His frigate had been drubbed by a couple of traders, and then had been tendered [illegible] as a gift. It was not an act of piracy nor a declaration of war, because he had prepared the way for it [illegible] very well knew that the Americans had not yet heard of the edict. He was in a hole all around, and he did the best thing possible under the circumstances by spreading his crippled wings and making for a French port to repair damages.

"Ichabod," said Capt. Israel as the [illegible] went sailing away, [illegible] in a brotherly way and without hilarity, lemme [illegible]

"[illegible] by gum we did!" replied Ichabod.

"And speakin' a leetle further, while I'm glad we drubbed him I'm somewhat afraid that we've done the wrong thing at the right time and brought on another war. It will be best, brother Ichabod, that neither we nor our mates nor our men do much boasting until we know what will be done about it. Let us now proceed on our voyage."

Nothing was done about it. The French captain doubtless made a [illegible] report, but it was not to the [illegible] had been [illegible] by two small merchant brigs [illegible] were filed away to be forgotten. The "Mary" and "Susan" safely completed their round voyages to be laid up by the embargo, but there was deep satisfaction in the soul of Capt. Israel as he met his brother at intervals and shook hands and said:

"Ichabod, speakin' as a brother might, and my wife Mary bein' in her usual good health, we did drub that Frenchman like a farmer whalin' a kickin' cow."

"Then by gum and by thunder, but we did, and we are no worms of the dust!" would be the reply of Ichabod as he chuckled his satisfaction and walked about with his hands under his coat-tails.—National Magazine.

Get the Most Out of Your Food

[illegible]

Among the signs of a weak stomach are uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla at different times for stomach troubles, and a run down condition of the system, and [illegible] invaluable." E. B. Hickman, W. Chester, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Strengthen and tone the stomach and the whole digestive system.

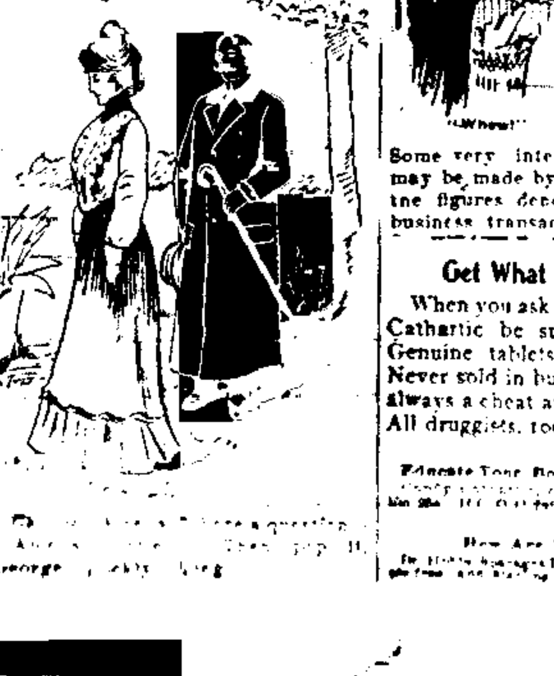
Characteristic Differences.

One of the striking differences in the characteristics of men and women is that women like new things, while men are loth to part with old things to which they have grown attached. Old [illegible] are the [illegible] men, while some [illegible] affection for old things in articles of wearing apparel, such as old hats and old shoes, defying the conventions and thus laying themselves open to the charge of eccentricity. In the matter of penknives nearly all men are alike. A sign in front of an [illegible] street cutlery establishment reads: "Old Pocket Knives Repaired," and a clerk in the store explained that that branch of the business was quite equal to the sale of new knives. "About the only people who buy new knives," he said, "are women, who give them to men as presents. A man seldom buys a new knife [illegible] one to be fixed with new blades, or a new handle, or whatever it needs. As an illustration of this I know of one man who has been carrying the same knife for over 20 years. At various times he has had [illegible] things done to it, until now I [illegible] if any portion of the original knife remains."—Philadelphia Record.

How They Get Even.

In the country they're sweetly sojourning,
The mother and [illegible], four,
At the farm with "[illegible] cousin Henry,"
For six or eight weeks or more.
'Tis thus that the folk of the city
Pay visits all summer (what cheek!),
Because "Cousin Henry," last winter,
Came to see them and staid most a week.
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

READY FOR [illegible] QUESTION.



[illegible]

The Wonderful Business of the Chicago Post Office

The Chicago post office is enjoying a period of unprecedented prosperity.

The Chicago Post Office Situation.

This is largely due to the increased money order business, the volume of which [illegible] which has come to the Chicago [illegible] office in past [illegible]. So far for the present calendar year, the increase of money order business has amounted monthly to 20 per cent. over the corresponding months of last year. Other business of the post [illegible] The [illegible] office officials have been hampered [illegible] as well as [illegible] the reason that there are not enough employes properly to take care of the overwhelming influx of business.

In a word, Postmaster Coyne and his 4,000 assistants are having a tough battle to keep from being snowed under with epistles that Chicagoans and their correspondents are writing, and at the same time to keep the current of the new deluge of money order business free from obstruction.

The worst feature of the matter is the outlook ahead. If Chicago's mail business continues to increase at the present ratio, even the mammoth new post office building, occupying an entire block, will be outgrown by the time it is ready for occupancy.

In the year 1899 the number of money order transactions amounted [illegible] In 1900 the number of money order transactions was increased by 670,327, or 15.9 per cent. The money increase aggregated almost $10,000,000. At the present ratio of 20 per cent. increase it is estimated by postal officials that the volume of the money order business for the calendar year of 1901 will amount to $100,000,000.

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Some Big Figures.

In the Chicago post office the stamps of 1,000,000 letters are canceled each day.

Only One of the 400,000.

The statement which should follow next after this in point of being remarkable is the fact that not less than 40 per cent. of these letters are either incorrectly or inadequately addressed. Four hundred thousand carelessly addressed letters every day! Figures like this indicate that post office employes have enough to do to keep them out of mischief. In this connection it should be said that the clerks whose business it is to "throw" letters make one error to each 16,500 pieces handled; so it may readily be seen that the post office is responsible for only 67 mistakes to every 1,000,000 pieces of mail handled.

The amount of second-class matter —magazines, periodicals, etc.—daily handled at the Chicago post office is [illegible] The bulk of the latter is the merchandise mailed to customers [illegible] houses [illegible] responsible for much of the increase in money order business. This may readily be seen by the fact that these houses send out to their customers each year 2,000,000 blank money orders with instructions that all remittances should be sent in this way. In former years these houses suggested in their catalogues a number of ways by which money could be safely sent, almost invariably ending the list with "post office money order." Now they insist that they do not wish to receive money any other way than by post office order. The value of a post office order is very apparent when it is considered that your Uncle Sam always takes the trouble to hunt you up and make you take your money, if he has any for you and you don't go after it. Private companies do not always take this trouble.

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The Second in Size.

The Chicago post office is second only to that of New York in the volume of business done, and unless New York looks well to her laurels the time will come when Chicago will surpass her in this field.

"Whew!"

The aggregate business of the New York post office last year was $9,500,000 and that of Chicago was $7,500,000. Philadelphia comes third with only 3.3 millions. Some very interesting comparisons may be made by putting side by side the figures denoting the volume of business transacted by the various [illegible] offices [illegible]. However, it should be [illegible] 46 carrier stations, each of which is a post office in itself.

Next after Philadelphia post office comes Boston, and then St. Louis. The volume of business done by the St. Louis post office is greater than that of Brooklyn, Cincinnati, Baltimore or San Francisco. After San Francisco comes [illegible], and Cleveland and then the Chicago board of trade station. This has already been accounted for, of course, in speaking of Chicago as a whole; but it is introduced here simply for the purpose of comparison. Its volume of business last year was $376,000 nearly $70,000 [illegible] than the business [illegible] by the Buffalo post office; $114,000 more than the Detroit post office, and $187,000 more than the city of Washington [illegible] business done by the Kansas City post office exceeds that of Washington or Minneapolis. The Monadnock station in Chicago did [illegible] of business last year, which placed that branch ahead of the post office at Milwaukee. The postmaster at Milwaukee receives a salary of $6,000 a year. Reckoning upon the basis of the amount of business transacted, Chicago should have, at this rate, 12 postmasters, each drawing a salary of $6,000. The Chicago postmaster, however, receives also $6,000 yearly for his services.

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Sub Postal Stations.

Perhaps it is not generally known that Miss Jane Addams, founder and head of Chicago's [illegible] social settlement, [illegible] house, is one of Uncle Sam's trusted postal clerks. She has charge, not of a station, [illegible] No. 10, and her substation did $223,000 worth of business last year —more than that done by the post office at Nashville, Tenn., or by the post office at Seattle, Wash.

In Certain Outlying Districts.

This may be looked upon as remarkable, considering the fact that her station is located in a district where letter writing, to say the least, is not the chief occupation of the people. Large firms downtown, however, whose proprietors feel an interest in the Hull [illegible] social settlement buy their stamps from Miss Addams in order to make her business as a government agent more prosperous.

There are 190 square miles of territory in Chicago where free mail delivery service is in force. To carry mail to the inhabitants of this territory requires 1,385 carriers, 13 street cars and 125 special messenger boys. In the down-town districts 26 collections are made every day, and in the outlying residence districts the number of collections is 16. In no place where the service is in force, no matter how remote, are there fewer than three mail collections daily.

It is a rule of the post office that only those districts are entitled to the mail delivery service in which there are sidewalks, street lamps and numbers on the houses. As a matter of fact, however, letter carriers deliver letters where none of these requisites are to be found. In certain outlying districts postmen have tramped through fields of corn to reach the houses of the persons for whom they have had mail—all of this within the limits of the great city of Chicago.

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The Letter Carriers.

[illegible] the carrier's route is confined to a single building, and that the mail to be delivered is even then very [illegible] so enormous in quantity that two or more carriers are kept constantly busy attending to its distribution, which must be done with as much promptness [illegible]

The Modern Santa Claus.

For example, within the walls of the Monadnock building—under whose roof may be found every day 6,000 persons who belong to the business life of the building, and who go to make up, by themselves, one of the greatest and most compact office communities in existence—is confined one of the most tiresome mail routes in the city. One need not go beyond this building for evidence that a letter carrier does not lack for employment, though his route be within four walls, and in spite of the fact that elevators are ever at his service. The building is one block long, but it is a comparatively narrow structure.

The Christmas season is the most trying time of the year for all of Uncle Sam's employes who are connected with the post office force. At this time, however, the revenue from every department is very greatly increased. It is believed that, during the coming month of December the money order division of the Chicago post office will be called upon to attend to no fewer than 25,000 transactions daily—making a total of 375,000 transactions for the month of 25 working days.

MILTON B. MARKS

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

—There are 27,964 joint stock companies in the United Kingdom, with a combined capital of [illegible]

[illegible]

M[illegible] made at [illegible] in Italy. Thirty-five women manufacture 85,000 rosaries a year.

Get What You Ask For!

When you ask for Cascarets Candy Cathartic be sure you get them. Genuine tablets stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. A substitutor is always a cheat and a fraud. Beware! All druggists, 10c.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. [illegible]

How Are Your Kidneys? [illegible]

Mince Meat Comparison

"NONE SUCH" MINCE MEAT	SO-CALLED "WET" MINCE MEAT
(1) Clean. Sold in air-tight, water-proof cardboard cartons. Tempts the appetite.	(1) Unclean. Sold from [illegible] pails and sloppy tubs. [illegible]
(2) Economical. 10 cents package making 2 large pies. It equals 2½ pounds of "wet" mince meat. Add the water yourself—[illegible] pay for it.	(2) Expensive. Costs 8 [illegible] [illegible] pound—½ the weight is water. At this rate "None Such" should cost 20 cents to 40 [illegible] a package instead of only 10 cents.
(3) Convenient. Being "compressed" it takes up very little room on the shelf, and is put up in exact pie proportions.	(3) Clumsy. Has to be dished out in pans, takes up lots of room and you seldom have it on hand when wanted.
(4) Reputation. Our name [illegible] 30 years' business standing is a guarantee.	(4) Unknown. Do you know who makes "wet" mince meat? [illegible]

Moral: Always buy "None Such".

Any good grocer will supply you. Don't be deceived or over-persuaded by [illegible]. We can tell you a dealer that will supply you if yours will not. Write us. [illegible] Beware of packages imitating None Such.

MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

[illegible]

THE MICHIGAN FURNITURE CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO THE

Silsbee Furniture Co.,

ROBINSON BUILDING, LAKE STREET,

ARE SHOWING

Fall Styles of Grand Rapids Furniture

LARGE STOCK, LOW PRICES, AND FREIGHT PAID ON YOUR PURCHASES.

ASTHMA CURE FREE!

Asthmalene Brings Instant Relief and Permanent Cure in All Cases.

SENT ABSOLUTELY FREE ON RECEIPT OF POSTAL.

There is nothing like Asthmalene. It brings instant relief, even in the worst cases. It cures when all else fails.

The Rev. C. F. WELLS, of Villa Ridge, Ill., says: "Your trial bottle of Asthmalene received in good condition. I cannot tell you how thankful I feel for the good derived from it. I was a slave, chained with putrid sore throat and asthma for ten years. I despaired of ever being cured. I saw your advertisement for the cure of this dreadful and tormenting disease, asthma, and thought you had overspoken yourselves, but resolved to give it a trial. To my astonishment, the trial acted like a charm. Send me a full-sized bottle."

[illegible] to any sufferer who will write for it, even on a postal. Never mind, though you are despairing, however bad your case, Asthmalene will relieve and cure. The worse your case, the more glad we are to send it. Do not delay. Write at once, addressing DR. TAFT BROS.' MEDICINE CO., 79 East 130th St., N. Y. City. Sold by all Druggists.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE.. ..

Our goods will bear the closest inspection as to quality and price. We have a large and carefully selected line of

Choice Family Groceries

Our stock is complete in every detail, and will always be found the very best the market affords; and the prices defy successful competition. We also have an extensive line of

Crockery, China

Glassware and Lamps, which is up-to-date in every respect. Our prices on these goods are very low. A call will convince you.

M. G. AUSTIN & CO.,

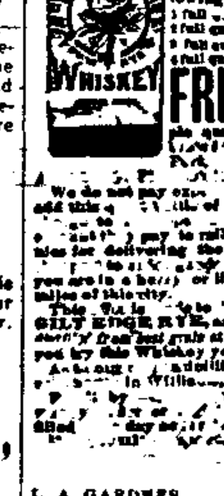
WELLSBORO, PA.

NO ADULTERATION OR DECEPTION.

ABSOLUTELY PURE OLD RYE

WHISKEY

From Distillery Direct to Consumer.



In order to introduce our Six-Years-Old, Gilt-Edge, Pure, Copper-Distilled Rye Whiskey in all parts of the country, we will [illegible] packed, in a plain box, to any point in the United [illegible] either by freight or express, at the following prices: [illegible]

FREE [illegible] OF CHARGE [illegible]

[illegible]

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

The Gazette [illegible] ONLY $2.00
Thrice a Week World
For Year, Cash in Advance.

L. A. GARDNER. J. H. GARDNER

L. A. GARDNER & CO.'S INSURANCE AGENCY,

WELLSBORO, PA.

[illegible]

Imperial [illegible] London, Hartford, American [illegible], Springfield, Citizens, [illegible] of Hartford, Northern Assurance, Fidelity and Casualty.

Fires are inevitable. Accidents will happen. Don't fail to insure. L. A. GARDNER & CO.

MAKE X-MAS MONEY COUNT.

The goods we have suitable for the Holidays are sensible ones; the kind that give full returns in usefulness for every cent of cost. By buying here you escape fancy holiday prices; we sell equally close every day in the year.

Toilet Articles. Silver Mounted Hair and Cloth Brushes, Mirrors, Combs, etc. These are superb gifts singly or in sets. Have plenty of them in other materials also.

Dollar Watches. We have the Ingersoll Dollar Watch. Not a toy, but a serviceable watch of which millions are now in use.

Sterling Novelties. These silver tokens have beauty, intrinsic worth and utility. A large variety of them.

Fancy Thermometers. A practical gift that will also lend beauty to any home.

Perfumes. An endless array in packages of all sizes.

Pharmacists. HYER & HOWD, Wellsboro.

X-Mas Slippers
AT ROBERTS' SHOE STORE.

...OUR ...NDOW. | *Slippers for everybody and at prices that can't be beat.*

...CE.—As I expect to make a change ...usiness January 1st, all persons in... ...o me are requested to settle at once. FRANK A. ROBERTS.

J. W. ROE,
...neral Director
...and Embalmer,
KEENEYVILLE, PA.

...calls receive prompt attention. ...distance telephone. The best ...ral outfit in the county. Rates ...onable.
...eneyville, Pa., Aug. 24, 1900.

LOCAL NOTICES.

...RE Frames at M. F. Bailey's.

...TIFUL line of cut glass at Pagan's ...store.

...want a Bedroom or Parlor Suit, ...M. F. Bailey.

...Oak Dining Chairs for $6.00 per ...F. Bailey's.—Dec.13–3t.

...CARPENTER, M. D., Coles House, ...o. 1, Dec. 18th to 20th, three...

...IPLETE line of Roger Bros'. Sil... ...d Ware, Knives, Forks, Spoons, ...Pagan's jewelry store.

...a full line of up-to-date Furni... ...will not be undersold. M. F. BAILEY.

...SALE.—A second hand Singer ...Machine is offered for sale cheap ...Call at the GAZETTE office.

...NS, Cutters, Harnesses, Robes, ...and Whips at prices that are ... M. F. BAILEY.

...RS, OYSTERS!—The Candy Kitch... ...good fresh oysters constantly ...Sold by the quart or dish.— ...4t

...ye, Nose, Throat and Glasses, ...r 18th–20th. My results in Ear ...are unequaled by any man in ...nties.

...RS, if you have honey, butter, ...produce of any kind, take it to ...and get their prices before you ...here.

...days this time. Wednesday, ...ursday, 19th, Friday, 20th. Ear, ...se, Throat and Glasses. Re... ...he date. Guess the name.

...eapest place in Tioga county to ...ceries, Wall Paper, Rubber ...ors and Felts, Books, Candies ..., is at F. B. Wetmore's Store, ...t

...W. H. BUDINE, the well-known ...alist, will be at R. Pagan's jew... ..., Wellsboro, Dec. 14th–17th, ...will test and examine the eyes ...lenses ground to fit old frames. ...guaranteed.—Dec. 6–2t.

...FURNISHING GOODS.—Mrs. R. ...er and Miss Carrie Karhand ...ed a dressmaking and ladies' ...g goods establishment in the ...block and solicit the patronage ...ies of Wellsboro and vicinity. ...-2t.

...jewelry store is headquarters ...onds, Rings, Watches, Chains, ...Emblems, Lockets, Gold and ...e, Clocks, Sterling Novelties, ...and all the countless articles ...stitute an up-to-date jewelry ...ou are invited to make your ...f goods early.

...unday morning Rev. John Da... ...gin a series of meetings at the ...tist Church. He will be as... ...dr. and Mrs. ... as singers. ...ties are endorsed by some of ...pastors in the country. The ...ends a cordial invitation to ...o attend these meeting.

...after Saturday, Oct. 5th, the ...Department at the Fair store ...en for the season with a fine ...mmed and Untrimmed Hats, ...be sold at reasonable prices. ..., our trimmer, is prepared to ...as up-to-date work. Call and ...ed. JOHN FISCHLER.

...INSURANCE ELECTION.—The ...nty Grange Mutual Fire In... ...ompany will meet at Mans... ...iday, December 20, 1901, at 1 ...ect a Board of Directors for ...g year. All policy holders ...present.
H. ROBLYER, *Sec'y*
...r 6, 1901–2t.

... [illegible] ...

Particular attention given special orders which are promptly filled. Will also take orders for separate skirts when desired. MISS KATHERINE ROBINSON.

THE ladies of the First Baptist Church will give a chicken pie supper in their new dining room to-day, (Friday) from 4:30 to 7:30 p. m. As so many of their friends have expressed an interest in their share of the work of enlarging and repairing the church, they take this opportunity to say that they will serve a good supper for 25 cents, but if it is in your hearts to give more, it will be joyfully received.

Now is the time to do Holiday shopping. The most appropriate, charming, treasured and lasting Holiday gifts may be found at Pagan's jewelry store. Space does not permit extended enumeration of all the goods kept in stock, but it is surprising how much and how good a small sum of money will buy. You need to come, inspect the articles, get prices, to realize the opportunities held out. R. PAGAN.

THE DANDY FLOUR.—This flour is designed and adapted for any and all kinds of bread stuff. It is entirely free from alum or any poisonous substance and contains all of the wheat germs, which is the vital part of the grain. For pastry there is no better flour made. It is now selling for the low price of $1.10 per sack. Inquire of your dealer for the DANDY FLOUR or call at the WELLSBORO ROLLER MILLS, where it is made. Try this before you get any other.

A HUMMER.—Here is another money saver for to-morrow (Saturday). Evaporated apples 8c., evaporated sweet corn 8c., Arbuckles' coffee 12c., 10 lbs granulated sugar 56c., can corn 7c., can peas 8c., 12 bars soap ½ lb to bar, 25c., California hams 9½c. per pound. Books, new lot just received, 14c. and 19c. each. The authentic life of President McKinley, 97c. Rubber boots and shoes at a bargain. No old goods. Trade at F. B. Wetmore's store near the depot and save money.

Two gentlemen who have made their marks as dramatists have combined in evolving the new State-named comedy drama, "Pennsylvania," and the result is a modern play, abounding in the brilliant language and character drawing that made the work of the old writers for the stage joined to the quick action and stirring climaxes of the present day school. This makes a production which will find favor with dress circle and gallery alike. The authors are Daniel L. Hart, whose "Parish Priest" has charmed everybody, and C. E. Callahan, the writer of the popular comedies, "Fogg's Ferry," and "A Romance of Coon Hollow." "Pennsylvania" will be presented at the Auditorium next Wednesday evening.

The Gazette.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1901.

New Advertisements.

Beds—J. W. Roe.
X-Mas Slippers—Frank A. Roberts.
Bank Election—First National Bank.
Dr. Green's Nervura—Pettingill & Co.
Notice—Wellsborough Gas Company.
Christmas Gifts—Star Clothing House.
Holiday Gifts—Model Dry Goods Store.
Incorporation Notice—F. W. Crandall Co.
Old St. Nick's Bag—Blatchley & Campbell.
Sheriff's Sales—Frank VanDusen, Sheriff.
Make X-Mas Money Count—Hyer & Howd.
Headquarters for Christmas, Gifts—John Fischler.
Some Christmas Suggestions—M. G. Austin & Co.
The Great Holiday Equipment—Max Bernkopf & Bro.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Newsy Items, Personal and Otherwise, Gathered in and About Town.

—"Pennsylvania" next Wednesday evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davis, of Chatham, were in town Monday.

—Mrs. N. F. Marvin is visiting her daughter, Mrs. John Matson, at Morris.

—Our merchants are making some attractive holiday displays in their show windows.

—Enterprising merchants are pushing the holiday trade with liberal newspaper advertising.

The Woman's Guild of St. Paul's Church netted $65 from the rummage sale last week.

—Miss Lynette Field has returned from Cuba, N. Y., after an absence of several weeks.

—C. U. Maneval, of Liberty, had business at the county seat on Monday and called at this office.

—Rev. Dr. Shaw was called to Rochester on Monday by the death of his sister, Mrs. C. E. West.

—W. W. Bloom, of Mansfield, was in town Monday on business. He was accompanied by his sister.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Rice, of Little Marsh, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Brooks over Sunday.

—Rev. F. W. Reynolds, of Elmira, will preach the dedication sermon at the Baptist church this evening.

—Mrs. Eliza Doolittle and niece, Mrs. Florence Brown, of Clinton, Iowa, are visiting relatives and friends in town.

—... [illegible] ... of the Galeton ... ...petch, was in town Wednesday and made a pleasant call at the GAZETTE office.

—William Brew, an aged and well-known resident of this place, who has been dangerously ill, is gradually improving.

—The Christmas season is upon us and the long hour system will be in force at the stores in the evenings until after the holidays.

—James Marble, of Batavia, N. Y., formerly or Wellsboro, is receiving treatment at the Gold Cure Sanitarium at Athens.

—Predictions of a long, cold winter have the disadvantage that, before they can be printed, the weather is apt to warm up again.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Kress, who last week arrived from Hagerstown, Md., will spend the winter at the Bache residence on Pearl street.

—With eggs at 25 cents a dozen people will be led to think the hens are taking their Easter vacation considerably ahead of time this year.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Merithew, of Liberty, former residents of this place, were in town Tuesday and Wednesday calling on friends.

—Mrs. R. A. Wheeler and Miss Carrie Karhan have opened a dressmaking and ladies' furnishing goods establishment in the Eastman block.

—The cost of the work on the enlarged and improved First Baptist church is placed at about $2,400, all of which has been provided for with the exception of $400.

—In the Methodist church next Sunday Mr. Dennis preaches in the morning on "The Cross of Confessing Christ," and in the evening on "Messages without wires."

—It is reported that William Dailey, of Duncan township, who escaped from jail last May with William Andress, is now in South Africa, having enlisted in the British army.

—Before making your holiday purchases peruse the columns of the GAZETTE and ascertain where to get what you want. The prices will be right, for the merchants who advertise in this paper are reliable.

—B. B. Holiday, of Elmira, was in town Wednesday shaking hands with his many friends. Mr. Holiday was a former well-known resident of Wellsboro but is now a retired business man in the Queen City.

—Congressman Deemer introduced a bill in the House last week granting an increase of pension to John B. Wilcox, of this borough. This is a very deserving and worthy case and it is earnestly hoped that the bill will pass.

—"Old Arkansaw" was presented at the Auditorium on Tuesday evening and came fully up to its published announcements, "superbly staged and produced by a company of recognized ability." There was plenty of fun sandwiched between the serious parts to keep one in good humor throughout the evening.

—The Union Veteran Legion on Monday afternoon elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Colonel, Alexander Leslie; Lieut. Col., M. C. May; Major, L. W. Smedley: Officer of the Day, R. A. Wheeler; Quartermaster, Ephraim Jeffers; Surgeon, C. T. Kelley, Chaplain, Stockdale Lewis; Trustee, John R. Rogers.

—At the annual election of Alert Hose Company last Thursday evening the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: President, M. B. Stebbins; Vice President, Joseph F. Gartland; Foreman, F. C. Williams; First Assistant, T. S. Moran; Second Assistant, E. J. Kelley; Treasurer, D. Z. Swan; Secretary, Stacy Shaw.

—Thomas A. Evans died on Tuesday morning at his home on East avenue, of stomach trouble. He had been in poor health the past two years or more. Mr. Evans was born in Charleston and was 47 years of age. He is survived by his wife and two children—a daughter, aged 9 and a son, aged 2 years. Funeral services will be held from the house this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

—If you have anything to buy for the holidays wait until the night before Christmas at half-past eleven o'clock. The clerks in the stores will be in such a nice humor to wait on you then and all the nice things—just the ones you want—will be left in such good order on the counters. Then, too, your present will have so much more significance if it arrives a day or so after Christmas.

—Notwithstanding Western beef retails for 20 and 25 cents per pound for steaks in this place, cattle are so cheap in the province of Alberta, Canada, that the ranchers are becoming discouraged. The Government benevolently helps the Western millionaire packers along by erecting tariff bars against Canadian and Mexican cattle, whilst beef is so dear in the United States that poor men cannot afford to buy it.

—At a meeting of George Cook Post, G. A. R., last Saturday evening the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: Commander, Geo. W. Merrick; Senior Vice-Com., Job Wetmore; Junior Vice-Com., Andrew Klock; Officer of the Day, L. W. Webb; Quartermaster, Eugene Beauge; Surgeon, Nelson Whitney; Chaplain, R. E. Pond; Officer of the Guard, ... Marsh; Trustees, D. L. Deane, S. Houghton, R. E. Pond.

—The clam chowder supper served under the auspices of the gentlemen of the Methodist Church last Friday evening was a complete success, notwithstanding the chowder ran "shy" before all the patrons were served. Unfortunately, through an oversight, a large quantity soured, causing the shortage. Those who partook of the chowder pronounced it fine and the real old-fashioned kind. About $65 was realized from the supper.

—Mary Jane, wife of Dr. S. Nichols, veterinary surgeon, died at her home on Water street last Saturday morning, after a week's illness, of pneumonia. She was 36 years of age and was born in Brechlin, Ontario, Canada. She was married to Dr. Nichols at Toronto in June, 1891, and moved to this borough about ten years ago. Besides her husband she is survived by two children, John and Margaret. On Saturday evening a brief funeral service was held at the house, conducted by Rev. William Heakes, after which the remains were taken to Brechlin for burial.

BROKEN CAR WHEEL

Causes a Costly Freight Train Wreck on the Central Near Tioga.

About 4 o'clock last Thursday afternoon a broken car wheel caused a bad wreck of the first section of freight and coal train No. 70 on the Central about a mile below the Tioga station. The train consisted of 65 cars and two engines, the conductor being Witter, and the engineers Gore and Ward, all of Corning.

The train was north bound, and while running at a good rate of speed a wheel broke in the middle of the train. Thirteen cars loaded with coal and coke left the track and piled up, some going down an embankment, and there was also one car containing brick which was derailed. Eight or nine cars were smashed into kindling wood. Telegraph poles were knocked down and the wire service was crippled. No trainmen were injured

All traffic was delayed several hours. The evening train, due here at 8:05, did not arrive at this station until 1:30 the next morning. It is said the total destruction of property will approximate $10,000.

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.

Lighted a Piece of Paper at the Stove and His Clothing Caught Fire.

The little three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Lamont Wood, of Lambs Creek, met with a horrible death last week Wednesday. A correspondent says: Mrs. Wood had stepped out of the house to get some firewood, leaving her two little children—the boy being the eldest—in the house. She had been out of the house but a few minutes when she heard the boy scream, and she at once ran in and found his clothing on fire. A bucket of water was dashed over him, but the flames had done their fatal work. He was burned so badly that he died within 24 hours.

The flesh of one arm was literally roasted and the upper part of his body and head horribly burned. In attempting to tear the burning clothing from the child his mother was badly burned about the the hands. It is not known just how the accident occurred, but it is thought the child lighted a piece of paper that he was playing with near the stove while his mother was out doors and his clothing caught from that.

The New Mail Cars on the Central.

The Fall Brook division of the New York Central railroad now runs between Lyons and Williamsport three new postal cars of the combination pattern. One of these cars constitutes a part of each of the three passenger trains that make schedule trips between the above points daily.

The new cars are 25 feet long and are equipped with every modern appliance for the prompt handling of Uncle Sam's mail. They are provided with commodious mail boxes for wayside offices; latest devices for holding mail bags and are supplied with Pintch system of lighting, which of itself is a vast improvement over discarded cars.

The mail cars are operated by one man each trip. The route requires the services of six men, who work the regulation hours with their entitled layoffs. The clerks are Messrs. E. J. Merrick, James H. Donaldson, Charles E. Jennings, H. B. Clark, H. L. Palmer and E. D. Colvin, the first three mentioned being former well-known residents of Wellsboro.

Potter County Woodsman Murdered.

Near Corbett, west of Galeton, on Tuesday morning Italian section hands found the body of a man lying along the tracks of the Buffalo and Susquehanna railroad, just east of the Corbett station, with the back of his head crushed in. The body was removed to the Buffalo and Susquehanna freight room, and was identified as that of John O'Leary, a woodsman, whose home is in Port Lyden, N. Y.

Mystery shrouds the man's death and it is a question whether he was struck by a train or murdered. The murder theory is strengthened by the fact that at 8 o'clock Monday night O'Leary was seen in Corbett and the last train to pass the spot where he was found was at 7:15 in the evening.

More Smallpox at Galeton.

In addition to the fatal case of smallpox at Galeton last week, mention of which was made in the GAZETTE, two more cases of the dread disease developed on Wednesday. The village schools were closed yesterday and the Board of Health has ordered several houses in Clintontown to be quarantined. Rigid measures are to be enforced to prevent the further spread of the disease.

—N. O. Putnam of Covington is the first in the field to announce as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

A Summary of Local Events and Happenings of the Week.

—Additional local matter on the eighth page.

Stetson's Uncle Tom Company was stranded at Germania last week.

—The clubbing price of the GAZETTE with the *Tribune Farmer* is now $1.75.

—A Hornellsville party is experimenting in the manufacture of fire-proof lumber.

—Heartless chicken thieves raided the hennery of an Arnot minister the other night.

—The D. D. Mick cigar factory at Blossburg will move back to Jersey Shore.

—The Antrim miners are working full time, the company being rushed with orders.

—The prospects are favorable for steady work at the Arnot mines this winter.

—Air slacked lime dusted on stored potatoes, it is said, will prevent them from rotting.

—A. C. Kimball, of Westfield, killed a five-prong buck deer in Potter county a few days ago.

—Job printing executed at this office promptly and at reasonable rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.

—Candidates for borough and township offices are already taking occasion to mention the fact to the voters.

—I. G. Stone, Master of the Middle Ridge Grange, attended the annual meeting of the State Grange at Johnstown this week.

—Carl Aylesworth had three fingers taken off while at work in Aylesworth Bros.' sawmill near Morris Run one day last week.

—Miss Sybil Francis, the new postmistress at Balsam, has moved the office from Mrs. Walker's house to the old Butler house.

—The revival meetings conducted at Arnot by a detachment of the Salvation Army are reported to be largely attended and doing much good.

—Bear have been unusually plentiful in the Pine Creek region and also in Potter county this season, a large number having been killed.

—Jared Davis, of Keeneyville, has sold his farm to Elson Moore, of Farmington township. Mr. Moore is to take possession of the property on April 1st.

—Clark Sherwood, of Mansfield, has sold to Goodall Brothers, of Canoe Camp, 100,000 feet of hemlock lumber in the log, to be brought to their mill this winter.

—Under the game laws of this State the season for shooting or killing quail, partridge, pheasant, ruff grouse, wild turkey, woodcock, squirrel, hare or rabbit will terminate to-morrow.

—Marshlands has a smallpox scare, owing to the fact that several persons from that place were exposed in Galeton at the house of George Zimmerman, who died last week from the dread disease.

—William Clark, aged 80 years, cut his throat with a razor last Saturday at his home at Slate Run. A surgeon sewed up the wound, but later Clark tore it open, and as a result he died on Monday.

—On Sunday night Boyd Mahaffey, a brakeman on the Central, fell from the engine of his train as it stood at the water tank at Darling Run, cutting a gash in his head which required six stiches to close.

—An old potato grower says that potatoes that rot are old varieties that have been raised year after year for a long time in the same soil. The best way to counteract the disease is to change to new kinds.

—Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Superintendent F. B. Lincoln, of Arnot, and Miss Anna Mills, of Elmira. The event will take place in the First Presbyterian church in that city next Wednesday.

—A freight train was wrecked on the Tioga division near Covington on Monday night. Nine cars jumped the track and piled up along the road. One of the trainmen was slightly injured. Traffic was blocked for several hours.

—At a recent meeting of the Potter County Editorial Association at Coudersport, M. J. Colcord was re-elected President. A committee was appointed to draft a scale of prices and a committee was appointed on by-laws.

—An exchange remarks that the average citizen is in a quandary as to whether to buy his wife a diamond necklace or a bushel of potatoes for a Christmas present. There isn't much difference between the prices of the two articles.

—Williamsport dealers found guilty of selling adulterated milk and fined by the Court, will now proceed against those from whom they obtained their supplies, alleging that they are the ones who tampered with the milk, and should pay the fines.

—The streets of Mansfield are to be lighted by electricity. The contract for lighting will be let at the next meeting of the Borough Council. Sixteen and 32 candle power lights will be used and it is expected that about 125 lamps will be required to light the town.

—It is said that the Blossburg Coal Company contemplates using the "boney" that has been accumulating at the Arnot mines for over twenty years. A breaker is in progress of construction. A test has been made and it is demonstrated that this refuse is well worth looking after.

—At the annual meeting of the Smythe Park Association at Mansfield on Monday the following officers were elected: President, C. S. Ross; Vice President, ... Secretary, H. B. Hoard; Trustees, C. S. Ross, D. H. Pitts, J. M. Clark, T. W. Judge, J. A. Elliott, J. F. Pitts and H. B. Hoard.

When using baking powder it is always economy to buy the Royal. Royal makes the finest, most wholesome and delicious food.

—Marshal Ogden, a former resident of Stony Fork, died at Leetonia last Sunday, after a few days illness, of pneumonia. He was about 45 years of age and is survived by a wife and five children. The funeral was held on Wednesday and interment was in the West Branch cemetery at Tiadaghton.

—At the annual meeting of the Chemung Valley Tobacco Growers' Association at Corning on Wednesday a resolution was adopted to petition Congress to have the government locate near Corning an experimental station for the raising of Sumatra tobacco leaf, under the protection and aid of cheese cloth netting.

—One day last week when Mary Fulmer, a 17-year-old girl of Williamsport, attempted to crawl under a train of freight cars the train started. Companions shouted to her to lie flat, and in this position she remained between the rails until 18 cars had passed over her. Her back was scraped by the brake rods and her clothing was torn into strips.

—Since the new cable commenced operations at the "Anna S" mines at Antrim many of the miners have indulged in a ride in the buckets from one mountain to the other. One day last week the cable refused to work while a bucket containing a man was at the highest point from the ground and kept him suspended there for several minutes in the cold wind.

—The Westfield *Free Press* says that notwithstanding the bad luck which the Cowanesque Valley Agricultural Society experienced in drawing a rainy week for the fair this fall, all the premuims have been paid. The organization is determined to continue the fairs and if the weather bureau will be at all helpful the organization hopes to come out with success written all over it.

—Mrs. Edward Tracey, of Hoytville, died at her home in that place last Saturday night, of eczema. The was about 50 years of age and leaves a husband and five children, two sons and three daughters. The funeral was held on Wednesday morning, Mass being celebrated by Rev. Father O'Toole at the Catholic church in Morris. The remains were brought to Wellsboro for burial in Cavalry cemetery.

BORN.

BACON.—At Spicewood, Pa., December 9, 1901, to the wife of Mr. Philip Bacon, a son.

ROE.—At Stokesdale Junction, Pa., December 9, 1901, to the wife of Mr. William Roe, a daughter.

TAYLOR.—At Wellsboro, Pa., December 8, 1901, to the wife of Mr. Charles Taylor, a daughter.

MARRIED.

CHAMBERLAIN—REYNOLDS.—At Addison, N. Y., December 10, 1901, by Rev. Daniel McKay, Mr. Mark Chamberlain and Miss Emma Reynolds, both of Sabinsville, Pa.

BUNN—LODGE.—At the First Baptist parsonage, Elmira, N. Y., December 4, 1901, by Rev. William T. Henry, D. D., Miss Mazie Bunn and William Lodge, both of Ogdensburg, Pa.

DIED.

BUSH.—At Tioga, Pa., December 6, 1901, Mr. Jabin S. Bush, aged 84 years.

MARKS.—At Keeneyville, Pa., December 2, 1901, Mrs. Lynn Marks, aged 27 years.

GUILD.—At Sabinsville, Pa., December 1, 1901, Mrs. Olive Greenfield Guild, widow of Alonzo Guild, in her 77th year.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the WELLSBOROUGH GAS COMPANY will be held at the office of the Secretary in Wellsboro, Pa., on the FIRST MONDAY of JANUARY, A. D. 1902, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the election of a President and Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of other business.
HARRY N. SHERWOOD.
December 13, 1901–3t.

Bank Election.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WELLSBOROUGH, Wellsboro, Pa., December 2, 1901.
THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WELLSBOROUGH are hereby notified that an election of Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held at its banking-house on TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1902, between the hours of 1 and 4 p. m. W. W. MILLER,
Wellsboro, Dec. 13, 1901-5t. Cashier.

Incorporation Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on THURSDAY, the 2d day of JANUARY, 1902, by Frederick W. Crandall, E. Austin Cravath, Nellie P. Crandall and Susie K. Crandall, under the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the several supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "F. W. CRANDALL COMPANY," the character and object of which is the manufacture and sale of chairs, toys, novelties, building materials, lumber and other articles from wood or metal or both, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its several supplements.
JESSUP & JESSUP,
December 13, 1901-3t. Solicitors.

How Are Your Kidneys?
Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

Old St. Nick's Bag

ought to hold a nice Hair or Clothes Brush, mounted with Ebony or Sterling Silver; here at from 25 cents to $3.00.

Or some Perfume. It can always be said when in doubt, give her a bottle of perfume.

The "captive odors of fields and flowers" is always a pleasing present to everyone. Our stock of Perfume is large and choice. Fancy Holiday bottles, 10 cents to $4.00.

Military Hair Brushes in sets, Mirrors, Atomizers, elegant showing of Ladies' Purses in the newest styles and leathers, 25 cents to $5.50.

BLATCHLEY & CAMPBELL,
APOTHECARIES, WELLSBORO.

A FORTUNE TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

$11,250 $11,250

To be given away as premiums on

PIANOS, ORGANS
AND SEWING MACHINES.

By an arrangement with the largest music publishing house in the world I will give away the above amount as premiums during the next three months.

I AM AGENT FOR

PIANOS WEBER, KNABE, NEWMAN BROS., WEGMAN, KROEGER, A. B. CAMERON and BOOTHE BROS.

ORGANS NEWMAN BROS., PUTNAM, LEHR & CO.

SEWING MACHINES STANDARD, ELDRIDGE B, NORWOOD, PARAGON, VINDEX.

POSTAL CARD WILL BRING PARTICULARS.

W. G. ...

COLES HOUSE BLOCK, WELLSBORO, PA.

LARGEST STOCK, BEST GOODS, LOWEST PRICES, EASIEST TERMS IN NORTHERN PENNSYLVANIA

The Gazette.

WELLSBORO, PA.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1901.

FRANK CONEVERY, - - - Editor and Proprietor

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

The undersigned announces himself as a candidate for the office specified below, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention:

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

S. O. PUTNAM, Covington borough.

SPEAKER HENDERSON has appointed Congressman Elias Deemer on the Committee on Railways and Canals and Invalid Pensions.

ACCORDING to the Chief Clerk of the Interior Department, the new Government register of Federal officeholders, otherwise the Blue Book, contains the names of 222,000 public servants.

THE State Department has received a draft for £6000 sterling (30,000) from the Government of Great Britain, in full payment of the claims of certain American citizens, who claimed to have been improperly expelled from South Africa during the Boer war.

SENATOR HOAR on Monday offered a resolution to authorize the President to enter into negotiations with other civilized countries for the purpose of selecting some island or other suitable territory to which Anarchists might be transported and confined.

"GOVERNOR STONE's assertion that he did not have Superior Court Judge Mitchell's resignation is belived to be a falsehood," says the Williamsport *Sun*. "It is now stated that Judge Mitchell's resignation has been in the Governor's possession since last spring and that he is looking about to see to whom he can give the position to the best advantage to himself."

A PITTSBURG dispatch says that as a result of Attorney General John P. Elkin's visit to Florida with Senator Quay it is probable that announcement will be made upon Quay's return that Elkin will not be a candidate for Governor. Senators Quay's desire is said to be to have the party unite in a call upon ex-Senator J. Donald Cameron to take the nomination for Governor.

Is there not something wrong somewhere when the prices of all food articles are continually rising, as they are and have been of late, with no commensurate increase in the income of the wage-earner? It would indicate, if nothing else, that our boasted prosperity is not general. But then, it never is—possibly is not intended to be. It works on the principle that "to him that hath shall be given, and from him that hath not shall be taken away even that which he hath."

A LINCOLN, Neb., dispatch declares that W. J. Bryan says he has fully recovered from the attacks of "Presidential fever" which he has suffered from at various times. An agent of a life insurance company asked him to take out a policy, and after long persuasion the Colonel signed an application for $10,000. Opposite the question as to whether he had ever suffered from fevers the Colonel writes: "I suffered twice from Presidential fever followed by very severe chills, but I have fully recovered."

As will be observed by an article in another column capitalists are seeking to control the hemlock lumber of Lycoming, Tioga, Potter and other northern counties of the State, with the object of forcing the price of hemlock from $15 per thousand feet to $20 or higher. The largest stock of hemlock is at Pittsburg, where there is about 1,200,000,000 feet. Williamsport comes second with 160,000,000 feet. Twenty-five years ago hemlock was a despised timber, but the wholesale destruction of the pine forests has brought hemlock to the front and made it as valuable as pine was a quarter of a century ago. With the demand made upon the hemlock forests by the tanning companies which must have the bark the prospects are that in a few years hemlock will go the way of the pine and hardwoods.

JUDGE MITCHELL TO RETIRE.

Reported That Judge Love of Center County Will Succeed Him.

A Philadelphia dispatch says that from a most trustworth authority the announcement was made in that city last Saturday that the resignation of Superior Court Judge John I. Mitchell, of Wellsboro, has been in the hands of Governor Stone for the past two weeks, and that immediately upon the return of the Governor from his Southern and Western tour he will appoint as Judge Mitchell's successor Judge John G. Love of Bellefonte, the president judge of the Centre County Common Pleas Court.

For more than a year past, or since his election to the Superior Court, Judge Mitchell has been in ill health, and has been unable, by reason of his illness, to occupy his seat on the bench. Prior to the recent election the announcement was made that Judge Mitchell would probably retire to private life shortly after the election. No more was heard of the reported retirement of Judge Mitchell until the action of the Governor in removing Recorder A. M. Brown, in Pittsburg, when the state [illegible] the Governor [illegible] to Recorder Brown [illegible] making him as recorder. This appointment, [illegible] himself [illegible]

Judge Love, of Bellefonte, who will succeed Judge Mitchell on the Superior Court, is a well-known Republican in the Western portion of the State, and one of the most prominent lawyers in the State. His term as judge of the Common Pleas does not expire until the first Monday in January, 1905. Judge Mitchell's term on the Supreme Court bench would not expire until the first Monday in January, 1910. Under the provisions of the Judges' Retirement bill, passed by the last Legislature, Judge Mitchell will be able to draw half pay for the remainder of the term for which he was elected.

BABCOCK AND HIS BILL.

Republicans Plan to Kill It In Committee —Big Majority Not to Be Trusted.

As there were ninety-seven new members entitled to take their seats in the house of representatives when the Fifty-seventh congress assembled, one can imagine the amount of work which Speaker Henderson has in placing new members on the committees which they would prefer or for which they are best fitted, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat.

It is only by consulting the new members themselves or friends willing to speak for them that the speaker is enabled to learn the wishes of the new members and to judge what committees they are best suited for. When the selection has been made, they (the new members) go to the bottom of the list, for it is the unwritten rule of the house that priority of service shall be recognized in committee assignments, and so when there are vacancies on a committee the members still remaining on the committee are moved higher up and the vacant seats are left at the bottom for new members to fill.

There is an expectation that the formation of the committees will be delayed on this occasion beyond the usual time owing to a proposition to enlarge some of them beyond their present numbers, which has the approval of a majority of the Republicans.

The proposition is to add two extra members to every committee which has already seventeen members, making the number nineteen. There is quite a number of the principal committees which have a membership of seventeen, such as the committees on appropriations, on ways and means, on naval affairs, on insular affairs, on interstate and foreign commerce, on rivers and harbors, on agriculture, on coinage, on military affairs and a few more, which committees, if the increase proposition be finally acted upon, will consist of nineteen members each instead of, as at present, seventeen.

Whether the increased membership of committees would be a gain or a loss to the legislative business of congress would, of course, remain to be seen, as the proof of the pudding is in the eating of it, but that the motive of the change is sufficiently trumpery everybody will allow. It is caused by the Republicans' fear of one of their own number—Mr. Babcock of Wisconsin, to wit.

Mr. Babcock has been the enfant terrible of the party in power for the past twelve months. He is the author of a bill for removing the duty from all commodities monopolized by trusts, and, although the party, as a whole, most emphatically objects to his bill, he is neither to be coerced nor cajoled into dropping it. Mr. Babcock is a member of the ways and means committee, which has seventeen members—ten Republicans and seven Democrats—and there is one other Republican member (Tawney of Minnesota) on the ways and means committee who has expressed his intention of voting in committee with Mr. Babcock for the latter's bill. The seven Democratic members of the committee would vote with Babcock and Tawney, making nine and giving the bill a favorable report, while the other eight Republican members of the committee would be placed in a minority.

The Republicans are resolved at all hazards not to allow Babcock's bill to get before the house, where it seems that it would meet with much favoring sentiment. And it is to prevent that contingency that the committees of seventeen are to be raised to nineteen. It would not look well to add two Republican members to the ways and means committee alone. The move would be too glaringly for a purpose. The leaders of the party in the house have accordingly resolved to add two more members to every committee of seventeen, not necessarily or probably two Republican members in each case, but only in the case of the ways and means committee. By this ruse they expect to prevent the Babcock bill from leaving the committee and at the same time to save appearances by the general increase in committee membership.

As the Republicans have a majority of about forty in the house, one can scarcely understand their descending to such an expedient, but it no doubt arises from the fact that a considerable portion of their majority is not to be trusted over such an issue as the Babcock bill embodies.

When Popular Government Fails.

If popular sovereignty should be judged by its operations in Philadelphia alone, it would have to be condemned as a delusion and a snare. If there is on the face of the earth a worse governed city, its name and its ill fame have not yet been proclaimed so that they might be pilloried in the contempt of mankind. And the saddest thought that arises out of the consideration of the whole wretched business is that a great majority of the people of Philadelphia have deliberately declared time and time again that their present miserable government is exactly the kind of government they love and desire to live under.—Atlanta Journal.

People May Take a Hand.

Speaking of the attitude of the Republican party toward reciprocity and tariff revision the New York Herald remarks: "One thing is certain if the [illegible] selfishness [illegible] modification of the [illegible] suggested by President [illegible] speech, there [illegible] later on to a general revision that will be less to their taste."

WORK OF THE COURT.

Judge Niles Declares the County Pays Too Much for Care of Prisoners.

When our report closed last week Judge Niles was charging the jury in the case of George H. Smith against F. Raish. The case was given to the jury Friday morning and after being out about four hours they returned a verdict in favor of the defendant. The defense immediately asked for a jury to try the other case between the same parties. The plaintiff asked for a discontinuance, which the Court was willing to grant provided the plaintiff should pay the costs of the action. On Saturday morning the costs had not been arranged for, so a jury was sworn and a formal verdict taken.

The cases of F. F. Wilcox against William Cole and A. W. Sullivan against John D. George were not contested and formal verdicts were taken.

In the case of Frank Spencer against J. T. Losey a formal verdict was taken for $237, and a rule taken on the defendant to show cause why judgment should not be opened. This was a case where the defendant, J. T. Losey, was willing, ready and anxious to pay, but did not dare do so, because he had notice served on him that if he paid one party another would sue him for the amount. Frank Spencer cleared up some land belonging to his mother, and the dispute arose as to whom the money arising from the sale of logs taken therefrom should go.

The case of William D. Aylesworth against L. W. Hart, Constable of Morris, for taking illegal fees, took the time of the Court on Saturday afternoon and evening, and kept a jury here over Sunday. This was a civil action to recover a penalty of $50 from Constable Hart, because it was alleged that he took seventy-five cents fees to which he was not entitled. The jury did not think that the fees were illegally taken.

The Court ordered that the Jury Commissioners immediately after the present term proceed to fill the jury wheel with names of 700 persons to serve during 1902.

A. R. Niles, Esq., was appointed auditor to distribute funds in the hands of L. Harrison and Mrs. Harriet N. VanValkner, administrators of the estate of F. J. VanValkner, deceased.

J. W. Mather, Esq., was appointed auditor to distribute funds in the hands of H. A. Ashton, Esq., administrator of the estate of C. R. Pride, deceased.

Leon B. Ferry was appointed surveyor and J. D. Campbell and Edwin E. Close viewers for a road in the vicinity of Elkland and Osceola.

On Monday afternoon the Court took up the matter of the sentence of Rose A. Miller and Harry G. Miller, of Blossburg, for their assault upon Attorney Frank S. Hughes some time in August last. Evidence was introduced on both sides explaining the nature and extent of the assault. The Court, after making some preliminary remarks, sentenced Mrs. Miller to pay a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution, and then sentenced Mr. Miller to pay a fine of $50 and costs of prosecution and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for one calendar month.

The case against the School Directors of Duncan township, who were cited to appear yesterday at court, was amicably arranged and the case dismissed without hearing.

The following divorce matters were acted upon:

Colvin A. Dartt against Grace M. Dartt: leave granted libelant to proceed *ex parte*, N. B. Leslie appointed commissioner and January 6, 1902, fixed for final hearing.

Elizabeth Yoder against J. F. Yoder: Sheriff directed to make proclamation.

Floyd E. McCollum against Myrtle A. McCollum; Sheriff directed to make proclamation.

Isabell Field against Erwin M. Field; Sheriff directed to make proclamation.

Alice M. Kinner against William L. Kinner: libelant allowed to proceed *ex parte*, C. W. Beach appointed commissioner and January 6, 1902, fixed for final hearing.

Christopher C. Abbott against Alice N. Abbott: libelant allowed to proceed *ex parte*, F. D. Selph appointed commissioner and the fourth Monday of January fixed for final hearing.

C. E. Boyce against Lizzie Boyce: libelant allowed to proceed *ex parte*, F. W. Clark appointed commissioner and December 23d fixed for final hearing.

In the case of George N. Truax against Winfred E. Truax, for alimony on the part of his wife, upon hearing Monday afternoon the Court ordered that the plaintiff shall pay his wife $50 counsel fee and $50 for her expenses and $3 per week for the support of their children until further order; security to be given for the $3 per week payment for the children.

Almeda Churchill against Clark L. Churchill; leave granted to proceed *ex parte*, H. F. Rea, Esq., appointed examiner and the first Monday in February fixed for final hearing.

George Harry and Ernest Loop, of Nelson, charged with having at three different times obtained money and goods on forged orders, came up for sentence Wednesday morning, and were sent to the Huntingdon reformatory.

Ethel Jackson, who plead guilty to adultery after the evidence against her was all in at the first week of court, was sentenced to pay a fine of $5 the costs of prosecution and to spend three months in the county jail, and to stand committed until the sentence is complied with.

Judge Niles made some remarks about our jail, stating that it has become an altogether too comfortable sort of a place; that persons were getting into the habit of trying to get in there at the approach of cold weather. That the impression had become prevalent that it was about as good a place to board as [illegible] House, and that this was the [illegible] so many convicts to the penitentiary at the last term. No other county in the State is paying its Sheriff as much for caring for prisoners as Tioga. Twenty-five cents is the legal rate where the county furnishes the heat; thirty-five cents is the most paid by any county besides this, while we pay fifty cents. At the close of the term of the present Sheriff he intended to make an order that the Commissioners after this pay only the legal rate.

In the surety of the peace case against Franklin Delong, of Lawrenceville, in which his daughter, Viola Delong, was prosecutor, Delong was ordered to give bail in the sum of $300 and pay the costs of prosecution.

A view of a private road in Rutland, petitioned for by Mrs. Jennie Crum, was set aside.

WEAKNESS.

Dr. Greene's Nervura Gives Strength and Health to Women Who Work.

The army of women who work, [illegible] factories, offices, homes, all have their slaves. Day after day the same hard routine. No chance for rest. No time to be sick. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is the honest aid such hard workers need. It is the one safe and sure strengthener. There is no exaggeration in saying that multitudes have been helped by it.

MISS IDA HUNTER, 226 W. 121st St., New York City, says:

"I was on the verge of nervous prostration. Everything put my nerves on edge. I was so nervous that I couldn't stand anything. In the morning I was so tired when I got up that I had to force myself to go to work. I suffered greatly from dizziness and sick headaches. My back ached so that I felt like lying down all the time, and I had a bearing down feeling that was awful to stand. I was always 'blue' and depressed, and felt weak and tired and languid, and utterly unfit to attend to any work.

"Someone suggested that I take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I did so and I want everyone to know how much good Dr. Greene's remedy did me, and how thankful I am for it. If all the women and girls who have to work hard would only take Dr. Greene's Nervura, there wouldn't be so many breakdowns. Men blame women for being cross and irritable and 'blue.' They don't realize that most women and girls have to work too hard for their strength."

Miss Hunter's letter is but one voice out of thousands who owe everything to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Dr. Greene, 101 Fifth Avenue, New York City, will advise you free. Call or write.

The News From Spicewood.

SPICEWOOD, Dec. 12.—We are informed there is to be a new firm started here by the name of Baldwin & Lynch.

We are sorry to say that Albert Fisher met with a very serious accident a few days ago while chopping wood. A splinter flew in his eye and embedded itself so firmly in the eyeball that the aid of a physician was necessary to remove it. We are pleased to say he is recovering.

Miss Mamie Eberenz called on Miss Myra Callahan last Thursday.

The Baldwin school is progressing finely under the management of Miss Mary Derbyshire.

Sidney Oaks does very well housekeeping, but we understand that he intends securing an assistant.

The new mail delivery is found very convenient for the people of this vicinity.

G. N. Landrus is working for A. C. Fisher.

Mrs. Cora Beuter is visiting at the home of her brother, T. W. Callahan.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet at the home of W. W. English to-day.

Christmas time is near at hand, so get your stockings ready.

One of our neighbors expect to have a fine overcoat made from the furs of cats. Bring your cats along!

Temperance Drama Well Rendered.

NILES VALLEY, Dec. 12.—The great temperance drama, "Ten Nights in a Barroom," was presented in Adamy's Hall by home talent last Saturday evening before a large and appreciative audience. All those who took part in the drama acquitted themselves with great credit. The proceeds, which were quite large, will be used to purchase a bell for the church.

The dramatic club will produce the play at Hammond on Saturday evening, the receipts to be used for an organ for the schoolhouse in that place.

Mrs. Charles Sweet is visiting at the home of her son in this place.

Claude Moore has enrolled with the Springfield Correspondence School for a course in shorthand. Mr. Bull, of Addison, the agent for this school, has been in this section the past week, and we understand that he has secured a large number of students.

Samuel Wedge, who has been ill for some time, is gradually failing.

L. West has gone to Wellsboro to drive the Wilkins' milk wagon. Mrs. West will remain here with her parents for a short time.

The Christmas Dinner.

In spite of the fact that the word dyspepsia means literally bad cook, it will not be fair for many to lay the blame on the cook if they begin the Christmas dinner with little appetite and end it with distress or nausea. It may not be fair for any to do that—let us hope so for the sake of the cook! The disease dyspepsia indicates a bad stomach, rather than a bad cook, and for a weak stomach there is nothing else equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It gives the stomach vigor and tone, cures dyspepsia, creates appetite, and makes eating the pleasure it should be.

NOTICE OF DISTRIBUTION.—In the Orphan's Court of Tioga county, Pa.: Notice is hereby given that distribution of the funds remaining in the hands of F. F. Hogaboom, Administrator of the estate of EVELINE GARRISON, late of Jackson township, Tioga county, Pa., deceased, as shown by his final account, will be made by the Judge of the Orphan's Court at the Court House in Wellsboro, Pa., on MONDAY, JANUARY 6, 1902, at 2 o'clock p. m., at which time all persons interested in said distribution must appear and prove their claims or be forever debarred therefrom.

CHARLES L. BARCOCK,
Dec. 9, 1901-3t. Clerk of Orphan's Court

Building Lot for Sale.

A DESIRABLE BUILDING LOT on Sheridan Street is offered for sale, cheap for cash or on reasonable terms. For further particulars call on or address,

MRS. F. W. OSTMAN,
Nov. 22, 1901-tf. Wellsboro, Pa.

Farm for Sale.

[illegible]

J. W. B. E. [illegible]
[illegible] Administrator

THE GREAT

Holiday Equipment.

One of the most important public announcements made by this store in the course of the year's merchandising is the news of the opening of the Christmas stocks. Previous demands in previous years have prompted us to a supreme effort, and without boast, we candidly believe that this 1901 Christmas opening excels all like events ever attempted by this store. Every available foot of selling space is filled to its utmost capacity with the most carefully selected stock of things useful, things ornamental. Just the suitable things for gifts, and every item justly, fairly, honestly priced. The store is garbed in its brighest and best, and thus the great Christmas selling begins.

Handkerchiefs for Gifts.

No Christmas show in this store without a big showing of handkerchiefs. This Christmas outfit tops the record; all ready for you and you'll find early choosing best choosing always.

Handsome Showing of Umbrellas.

Experience has taught us the value of having a top notch stock of umbrellas to choose from, and have got it now if we never had it before. Prices are bound to please.

A Fine Array of Furs and Cloaks.

There's holiday happiness in a fur or cloak gift, and it lasts. Suppose you try it. Scarfs, muffs, sets, collarettes, jackets, raglans and capes, all here and ready for the choosing.

Gifts for the Men Folks.

These you choose from a holiday outfit of men's furnishings and clothing, and if chosen here they'll be right in every particular.

MAX BERNKOPF & BROTHER

GOOD GIFTS

AND MANY.

Christmas tide draws nigh. The Siemens Furniture Store is filled to overflowing with suitable gifts for every one. Hundreds of useful and ornamental articles for young people and old people. Beautiful, splendid gifts, that keeps the giver in mind for years after coming festivities are past and gone.

Remember, good things are found here in greater abundance and at less price than ever before, but good things will go first. Its well to make your selection now and we will deliver them at any time before Christmas that you wish.

SIEMENS' FURNITURE STORE

A 50-DAY

Removing Sale

AT

D. S. CORSAW'S,

NILES VALLEY, PA.

PRICES TO SUIT YOUR POCKETBOOK

Ladies' Suitings, Cashmere and Serge goods, in black, brown and light colors, regular 50c., 75c., $1 00 and $1 25 goods, will be sold for 35c., 60, 75c., and 90c.

A few Ladies' Winter Coats (good) at one-half original price.

A few Men's and Boy's Hats at one-fourth original price.

A few Men's and Boy's Caps at cost.

Men's White Shirts (laundered) $1.00 and $1.25, for 50c.

Prints, Muslins and Outings, cheap as can be purchased in any place.

Albums, Books and Holiday presents at half price.

Call and see goods before purchasing elsewhere.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE. [illegible]

MRS. HARRIET CLEVELAND,
REUBEN F. CLEVELAND,
Nov. 15, 1901-6t. Executors

Useful and Beautiful

HOLIDAY GIFTS

For Young and Old

AT THE

MODEL DRY GOODS HOUSE,

WELLSBORO, PA.

Handkerchiefs.

Speaking of Handkerchiefs, we think we have the most beautiful and complete assortment from 3c. to 50c. Handkerchiefs you ever saw. A "kerchief" is always a useful and cheap Christmas gift. Mufflers, Chatelaine Bags, Purses. Pillow Tops, Pillows, Head-rests, Umbrellas, Gold Pins, Brooches, Lockets, etc.

Cloaks and Capes.

Remember we have not waited until after the first of January to reduce wraps. You can buy them as cheap now.

Furs.

We have quite a good assortment of Furs left which we will close out very cheap.

ALL OUR MILLINERY TO BE CLOSED OUT AT COST.

COME IN AND GET SOME BARGAINS.

Shoes and Rubbers.

We keep constantly on hand a good assortment of popular-priced Shoes which will please you in price and quality. Among the leading brands is the "John Kelley" make, of Rochester.

MODEL DRY GOODS HOUSE

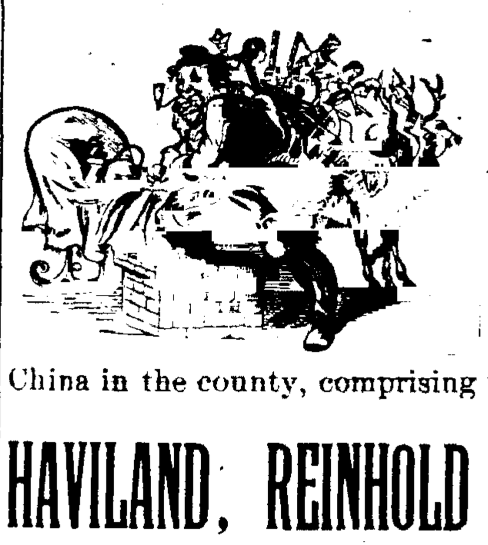
F. C. WHITNEY, Manager.

NEXT DOOR TO THE STAR CLOTHING HOUSE, WELLSBORO, PA.

THE FAIR

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hunters for X-Mas Gifts.



The stock consists of Games, Toys, Books, Baskets, Novelties, Celluloid Goods, Perfumes, Glassware and all such goods as are usually kept for Holiday Presents.

You will find at this store the finest and largest assortment of China in the county, comprising the finest selections from the

HAVILAND, REINHOLD AND WEIMAR WARE.

Your attention should also be called to the Millinery Department, which contains bargains and should not be overlooked.

JNO. [illegible]

SOME CHRISTMAS SUGGESTIONS.

No other store in this section of the county displays so many attractions in real Holiday Goods as you will find at our store. Our variety has never been greater and assortments never more complete than this season.

Only by a visit to our store can you appreciate the great variety represented by makers from all countries. Our assortment comprises, in part, odd pieces in decorated china such as:

Salad Bowls,	Pudding Sets,
Cake Plates,	Cups and Saucers,
Chop Plates,	Celery Trays,
Chocolate Pots,	Hot Cake Dishes,
Sugar and Creams,	Chocolate Cups,
Ice Cream Sets,	Pudding Dishes,
Chocolate Sets,	Fancy Odd Plates.

These odd pieces are in French, German and Austrian China. Bric-a-Brac, Vases and Jardineres in great variety. Handsome line of Parlor Lamps, Decanters, Water Bottles, Wine Sets, Water Sets, Toilet Sets, etc.

Our Dinner Ware department was never more complete than now. All grades are displayed here from the common White Stone Ware up to the finest decorated Haviland China.

We are prepared to supply you with the finest Florida Oranges, California Oranges, Dates, Figs, Candies and Nuts for the Holidays. Pure Mixed Candy for 10 cents a pound. Choice Confectionery from 20 to 40 cents a pound.

M. G. AUSTIN & CO.,

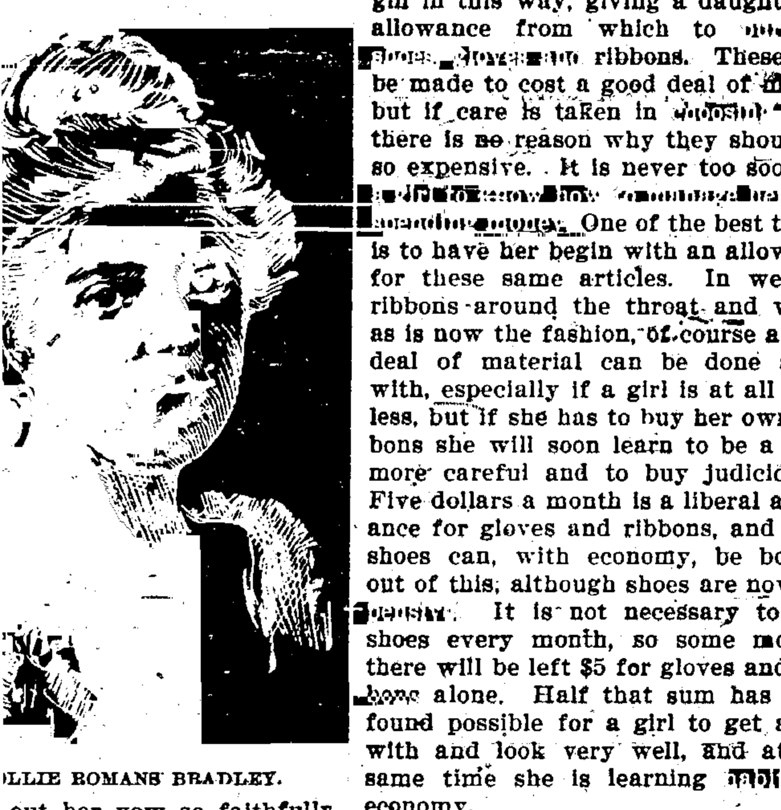
WELLSBORO, PA.

...MAN'S WORLD.

[illegible]

...Returning Civilities—A ... a ...man.

...lle Romans Bradley of Deni... ...l to be the most beautiful ... Iowa. In addition to her ...e is also a vocalist of more ...ary ability, a society woman ...prominence and one of the ...ffrage workers in the state. ...of Mrs. Bradley's [illegible] ...suffrage work is a pathetic ...mother, Mrs. J. B. Romans ...., died from the result of ...ved in a gasoline stove ex... ...t summer. Mrs. Romans ...y engaged in suffrage work. ...time her daughter had paid ...ttention to it. At the death... ...mother she made a vow that ...try to carry out the work ...former had planned. She



...LLIE ROMANS BRADLEY.

...out her vow so faithfully ... [illegible] ...f the state society at the ...ing.

...Mrs. Bradley will be at the [illegible] ...H. Belden of Sioux City, ...president, only consenting ...e office this year on condi... ...me woman be named for ...t to assist in the work [illegible] ...ext to assume the whole

...work in Iowa this year ...little beside that of [illegible] ...because of the fact [illegible] ...re does not convene until ... The suffragists have ...itable showing in the gen... ...y during the last two ses... ...xt year a more determined ...be made toward securing [illegible]

...ths For Health.

...e realize the many advan... ...up to date city house, with ...ly of hot and cold running ...the average farmhouse to ...ms go in vain to get cool. ...hing for severe weariness ...ligent use of the bathtub. ...thirds full of water as hot ...and. A good way to deter... ...t it should be is to put the ...into the water to test it. ...e fingers or even the hand ...at all. ...spoonful of ammonia into ...After about eight minutes' ...his, spray or sponge the ...ld water very quickly and ...a rough towel. ...lame from overexertion, ...iding or bicycling, follow ...h a mild massage the ...a little vaseline. Then ...your nap, and you will be

...ons believe that the daily [illegible] ...ds if taken regularly is of ...mportance in maintaining ...vigorous constitution. It ...to think that it is unsafe ...d bath when the body is

...complete heat exhaustion ...t now favored is an ice ...n you are perspiring free... ..."warm all the way ...l you are in the very best ...into water as cold as you

..."shock" is only a mean... ...ion so far as healthy per... [illegible] Of course a victim ...ase will do well to keep ...ter, and very old and fee... ...st be careful.—St. Louis

...rning Civilities.

...at mistake," remarked an ...society woman, "for poor ...myself to try to return ...is far better to say frank... ...t afford to entertain and ...ls the gods (in the shape ...friends) provide without ...of reciprocal exchange ...o make any adequate re... ...ng as you give nothing [illegible] no one is of ...be moment you attempt ...and simplest kind of a ...get yourself in hot water ...are so many that you ...and so few that you are

...ever forget the winter ...to have a few informal ...ended any number of old ...pleased no one, for upon ...re invited and came my ...y dinners made no im...

...u Could Look

...future and see the condition ...h your cough if neglected, ...you would seek relief at ...naturally would be through

...h's

...umption

...Guaranteed to cure ... [illegible]

[illegible] whatever, while to [illegible] whom I was obliged to leave out [illegible] my social position. The [illegible] great [illegible] as I was obliged to attend to every detail myself and at an expense that I could ill afford, while they were, as I said, not in the least appreciated by those who were invited and came, so now I have learned wisdom by experience. I always have a hot cup of tea ready for any friend [illegible] drop in, but beyond that [illegible] I am asked about more than ever, and I have the satisfaction of [illegible] that it is entirely for myself that I [illegible] wanted and not for what I can give."—New York Tribune.

A Girl's Allowance.

[illegible] life that helps to make a girl self reliant and independent if necessary is the life into which all girls are educated for the most part. To this end the schoolgirl's allowance has reference. Many mothers see fit to begin in this way, giving a daughter an allowance from which to [illegible] [illegible] ribbons. These [illegible] be made to cost a good deal of money, but if care is taken in [illegible] there is no reason why they should be so expensive. It is never too soon for [illegible] One of the best things is to have her begin with an allowance for these same articles. In wearing ribbons around the throat and waist, as is now the fashion, of course a good deal of material can be done away with, especially if a girl is at all careless, but if she has to buy her own ribbons she will soon learn to be a little more careful and to buy judiciously. Five dollars a month is a liberal allowance for gloves and ribbons, and even shoes can, with economy, be bought out of this, although shoes are now expensive. It is not necessary to buy shoes every month, so some months there will be left $5 for gloves and ribbons alone. Half that sum has been found possible for a girl to get along with and look very well, and at the same time she is learning [illegible] economy.

Eugenie as a Yachtswoman.

One of the most familiar figures in European waters in recent yachting [illegible] the ex-empress of [illegible]. She is now cruising in the Mediterranean. Her yacht, the Thistle, was once the property of the late Duke of Hamilton. To meet the requirements of her majesty the vessel was considerably enlarged. As always, Eugenie is attended by a numerous and stately retinue, for she still enjoys the traditions of a great court following, though her personal attire in these untoward days follows the simplest lines of the tailor's art.

One of the best friends of this woman of former majesty is the captain of the Thistle, who, though an Englishman invariably escorts her from the yacht to the train at the end of a cruise and at leave taking bends over and kisses her hand with a courtliness worthy of the days of Louis XIV. Though Eugenie is always treated in England with the greatest consideration, her life has been sadly imbittered by the long exile from France. Her nearest friends declare that her passion for yachting has been the means of preserving her life through the trying vicissitudes that have followed her through nearly three decades. She still retains traces of the rich Spanish beauty that made her famous in Paris half a century ago, when an emperor sought her hand.—Leslie's Weekly.

Barometric Bees.

Whoever observes these interesting [illegible] finds it easy enough to foretell exactly the kind of weather to be expected. At least this is the opinion of [illegible] raisers of bees.

Generally the bee stays at home when rain is in the air. When the sky is simply dark and cloudy, these busy workers do not leave their dwelling all at once. A few go out first, as though [illegible] state of the [illegible] number remain on observation until the clouds begin to dissipate, and it is only then that the battalions entire rush out in search of their nectar. A bee never goes out in a fog, because it is well aware that dampness and cold are two fearsome, redoubtable enemies. We do not mean, however, that the bee is a meteorologist in the absolute sense of the word. Its cleverness consists in never being taken unawares, for it possesses untiring vigilance. Often one may observe the sudden entrance of bees into the hive when a dense cloud hides the sun and even though the rain is not in evidence. —St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Changed Times.

Times have changed indeed from the time when Sydney Smith complacently observed that the United States had so much wilderness clearing to do that it might well take its literature, learning and luxury in the bulk from English factories.

"Why," he had asked, "should the Americans write books when a six weeks' passage brings them, in their own tongue, our sense, science and genius in bales and hogsheads? Prairies, steamboats, gristmills, are their natural objects for centuries to come."

We might almost reverse this and ask, "Why should the English feel ill at ease when a six days' passage brings them our sense, science and genius?"

For the time at least the Rev. Sydney Smith's chief notoriety seems to be that he was the author of certain observations whose truthfulness has proved as brief as it was bitter. Harper's Weekly.

Funny Speeches.

Grose relates that Caulfield, meeting Mr. Thomas Sandby, said: "My dear Sandby, I'm glad to see you. Pray, is it you or your brother?" It was a Spaniard who remarked ingeniously that an author should always write his own index, let who will write the book. Edgeworth relates the story of an English shopkeeper who did pretty [illegible] Temple Bar

Going to Canossa.

The saying "going to Canossa" [illegible] [illegible] and, refusing to submit, was excommunicated by that pontiff. The emperor at first laughed at the sentence, but took a more serious view when he found himself deserted even by his personal attendants and resolved on a journey to Italy to make his peace with the pope. The latter was then at the Castle of Canossa, a fortress of the Countess Mathilda and situated in the mountains of Modena. Thither the emperor hastened, but the pope [illegible] to see him save under the most degrading conditions.

The desperate situation of Henry compelled him to submit, and for three days and nights, barefooted and bareheaded, clad only in a hair shirt, the [illegible] of a penitent, he waited at the gate. At the end of this fearful penance, which was undergone in the month of January, he was admitted to the papal presence, was absolved and received his dominion as a gift from the pope. The expression has ever since been current as indicative of abject submission on any terms imposed by the conqueror.

They Weren't Fed.

"Some years ago," said a San Francisco man, "a globe trotting Englishman came into the city by the Golden Gate, and it fell to my lot to entertain him. So one night I took him to dine at the far famed Cliff House. It was a beautiful moonlight night, and from where we sat upon the porch we looked out upon the broad bosom of the Pacific ocean. The moon's light made a path across the waters, and in its center the Seal rocks lay like a black patch. The Englishman inquired what they were and upon my informing him said: 'Bah Jove, are those the Seal rocks of which I have heard? I'd very much like to see the seals. I say, my man,' turning to the waiter, 'cawn't I see the seals? Don't you feed them at night?'

"'Oh, yessir,' replied the waiter, who was of Hibernian descent, without [illegible] an eye. 'At 9 o'clock we always gives them their ham and [illegible] sir.'

"The Englishman accepted this surprising piece of information without turning a hair and announced that he would surely be on hand at the time mentioned. He was; but, needless to say, the waiter was not."

Knocked Her Out With a Look.

While talking of the many notable people he met during his pugilistic career John L. Sullivan said one day in New York: "Once when I was in Sydney I had a suit of rooms directly over Sarah Bernhardt. I never met the lady, and I didn't much care. She was jabbering French all the time and was rehearsing constantly in her room. I heard so much of it that I pretty near had the willies. One night I happened to follow Sarah into her majesty's theater in Sydney, and I had a good chance to size her up. She was a featherweight all right, and there was so much powder on her face that I thought she'd made a mistake. She got a look at me, and because I had been so much annoyed with her jabbering I scowled at her —gave her the look that used to scare the dubs who tried to stay four rounds with me. Well, sir, Sarah gave one long, mournful howl and fainted away. After that she didn't jabber any more, for she'd found out who was living up stairs."

Not Clipped.

A naturalist says that the squirrel tribe is increasing all over the wooded districts of England and in the Scottish lowlands. In some parts of Scotland, notably in the north, the little creature is unknown.

It is not so long ago that a Scotch judge was trying a case which had to do with the escape of a squirrel from its cage and the question as to whether it had been stolen.

"Were its wings clipped?" he asked a witness.

[illegible] sel, "It is a quadruped."

"Quadruped or no quadruped," said his honor sternly, "if its wings had been clipped it could never have escaped."

Use of a Long Breath.

When chilled by exposure to cold, take a long breath, with the mouth firmly shut. Repeat this several times until you begin to feel the heat returning. It requires only a very short time to do this. The long breath quickens the pulse, and this causes the blood to circulate faster. The blood flows into all parts of the veins and arteries and gives out a great deal of heat. It is stated that a long, deep breath, held as long as possible, will close the pores of a heated skin, and the danger of taking cold, on stepping outdoors, may be thus guarded against.

Drops of Ink.

"A drop of ink may make a million think," quoted McSwilligen.

"So I have heard," added Squildig. "It may provoke language too. A few drops of ink that I inadvertently dropped on my wife's new carpet brought forth about a million words, and all energetic words too."

It Takes a Remedy of Uncommon Merit to Draw the Unqualified Praise of a Successful Practicing Physician.

Dr. J. W. Bates of Corfu, N. Y., states: "A most remarkable case has come under my hands of late and has fully convinced me of the wonderful power of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills over diseases of the nerves.

"A young lady who was treated for over two years for epilepsy by two doctors was given up to die. I found that her sickness was not epilepsy, but nervous troubles, due to menstrual derangements, and prescribed four of Dr. Chase's Nerve Pills a day, after meals and at bed time. Since that time she has not had a single bad spell. Her health [illegible] by the Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY HYER & HOWD.

AN ECCENTRIC DINER.

[illegible] Parisian Gourmet.

[illegible] them has added to the [illegible] of the nations. Here is one of the latest, told by a well known French head waiter: One of the regular customers of a famous Parisian restaurant used to be a short, thin, shy and shabbily dressed man whose name no one knew, but who gave out that he was a butter dealer, for which [illegible] was called the butter man at the restaurant in question.

He ate next to nothing, but his soup tureen, filled with a soup specially prepared for him, was always put before him. He took a few spoonfuls and had it taken away. Next came a whole fillet of beef, from which he cut the tiniest slice. Then followed four quails or a large chicken, of which he ate one mouthful, together with two lettuce leaves and one radish. His dessert was four grapes—never a single one more—and a cup of coffee. A bottle of the best claret and another of the best champagne were served with the repast, but he only wetted his lips with a drop from them and let [illegible]. He took two of [illegible] 120 francs.

But this was not all. Every time [illegible] extraordinary meal he gave 40 francs to the head waiter, who put his food on his plate, since the guest did not like to handle spoons or dishes; 20 francs to the waiter, 10 francs to the woman cashier and 5 francs to the porter. Thus each meal came to 200 francs. The head waiter of the restaurant often did slight errands for him, buying his cigars, etc., and took them to the Grand hotel, where the butter man lived. The little old man would then open the drawer of a wardrobe filled with heaps of bank notes of from 100 francs to 600 francs in value and with an enormous mass of goldpieces. "Pay yourself," said the owner, and the head waiter did so, putting the bills before his patron, who never deigned to look at them.

One day the mysterious millionaire [illegible] —Westminster Gazette.

Be Sure You Read.

The man who would like to know something about astronomy must lay out a little scheme of study for himself, get the books which are necessary and have them at hand the moment he is at leisure. The man who wishes to familiarize himself with political economy, with politics or with industrial questions, which are now of such importance, must find out what textbooks he ought to have, secure those textbooks and keep them by his side.

The man who wishes to know literature does not need to lay out an elaborate plan which fills him with discouragement by its very magnitude, but he does need to decide what author he is going to read next, and he does need to get the book and keep it within easy reach.

Almost all the great classics are now published in such portable forms that a man can carry a play of Shakespeare, the essays of Bacon, the poems of Tennyson or of Browning, a translation of "Faust," Matthew Arnold's criticisms Emerson's essays or John Burroughs' charming transcriptions of nature in his coat pocket and substitute them for the newspaper which is thrust in his face by an eager newsboy and which he buys because he has nothing else to read.—Success.

One Hopeful Sign.

While I was living in California, writes an Englishman, I had the opportunity of noting the extreme consideration shown to employees by California employers. I cannot recall an instance of a cruel and cutting rebuke from one in authority to a clerk or [illegible] during the seventeen years of my stay.

A friend of mine had a clerk who was always forgetting important duties [illegible] portant entries on the books omitted, [illegible] morning:

"Really, I must speak to John."

So John was summoned, and I wondered what manner of rebuke would fall upon his head.

"John," said my friend, "it is most astonishing what a very bad memory you have. But I believe that in time it will improve, because I have noticed that you have never once forgotten to draw your salary on the first of the month."

John took the hint, and after that my friend was more faithfully served.

Antiquity of the Water Pump.

The water pump of today is but an improvement on a Grecian invention which first came into use during the reign of Ptolemies Philadelphos and Energetes, 283 to 221 B. C. The name, which is very similar in all languages, is derived from the Greek word pempo, to send or throw. The most ancient description we have of a water pump is by Hero of Alexandria. There is no authentic account of the general use of the pump in Germany previous to the beginning of the sixteenth century. At about that time the endless chain and bucket works for raising water from mines began to be replaced by pumps.

In the seventeenth century rotating pumps, like the Pappenham engine, with two pistons, and the Prince Rupert, with one, were first used. Pumps with plunger pistons were invented by Morland, an Englishman, in 1674, and the double acting pump by De la Hire, the French academician.

Where He Drew the Line.

"You don't like walking very much, do you?" inquired the farmer's horse, who was grazing near the canal.

"Oh, I don't mind it under certain conditions," replied the canalboat mule.

"You don't appear to like your exercise on the towpath."

"No. That's where I draw the line."—Philadelphia Press.

Handy With His Tongue Too.

The following was a speech by a successful competitor for the prize of a [illegible]: "Gentlemen, I have on this [illegible] the use of my legs [illegible] the use of my legs by [illegible] of this cup." Evening Wisconsin.

THE EYE OF AN ARTIST.

A Case Where It Was More [illegible] Than a Sailor's [illegible]

[illegible] of Edinburgh on many of his travels, was once going from Dunedin to Lyttelton, New Zealand, by steamer. Anxious to catch the earliest glimpse of the coast he went on deck at dawn and was alarmed to see that the vessel was heading straight on to the land. Calling the officer's attention to the fact, he was told that it was only a fog bank. The artist maintained his [illegible], but the second officer looked and confirmed his mate.

The artist then said: "Well, gentlemen, I will back my artist's eye against your sailor's eye, and I say that what you mistake for a fog bank is a low range of hills, and there is a range of mountains appearing above them."

But he was only laughed at, until the captain coming on deck found in the growing light that the artist was right and the seamen wrong. The vessel was out of its course, and there was only just time to avert disaster. The helmsman was dismissed in disgrace and the course given to the new [illegible] pointed landward—the compass was all wrong.

The cause was [illegible] commercial traveler had brought a box of magnets on board and deposited them in a stern cabin, causing what might have been a fatal deflection of the compass.

To return to the question of interpretation, the artist was dealing with the appearances which his eye was trained to see and his mind to interpret. A speck on the horizon might have remained a mere speck to him long after the sailors had interpreted the speck into a vessel of [illegible]. There can be little doubt that the trained eye is accompanied by a sort of mental seeing, an instinct outrunning optics.

Opinion Versus Proof.

Doctor's *Opinion.* —"Honey — Horehound Tar! Nothing in them I assure you—utterly worthless! All [illegible] Bah! What a world of fools this is!"

Convalescent's testimony — "Three weeks ago I was apparently coughing my life away. Three physicians dosed me in succession. Got worse under their treatment. Tried Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Improved rapidly. Am nearly well. I believe in it. Wouldn't you?"

Sold by all Druggists. Prices 25 cents, 50 cents and $1. Money saved by buying large size. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

—Germany and England are alike in one thing: Each has 33 cities with a population of over 100,000.

He was madly, passionately in love—won by the matchless beauty of her complexion. Glenn's Sulphur Soap had imparted the charm.

—The cost of firing a single shot from a 16 [illegible] would pay a private soldier for five years.

In reply to inquiries we have pleasure in announcing that Ely's Liquid Cream Balm is like the solid preparation of that admirable remedy in that it cleanses and heals membranes affected by nasal catarrh. There is no drying or sneezing. The Liquid Cream Balm is adapted to use by patients who have trouble [illegible] breathing through the nose and prefer spraying. The price, including spraying tube, is 75 cents. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

—For five years Japanese imports have exceeded exports at the rate of $30,000,000 to $40,000,000 a year.

Every family should have its household medicine chest—and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

—The Chinese are buying fewer American cotton goods, but more kerosene.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. Fifty cents, at any drug store.

A Crank on Clothes.

Sir Harry Poland, a British magistrate [illegible] ways careless in his dress. Once his family persuaded him to go to Poole and order a fashionably cut suit. To the chagrin of the household Sir Harry looked more outlandish in the new clothes than in his old ones. His brother-in-law went to see Poole about it.

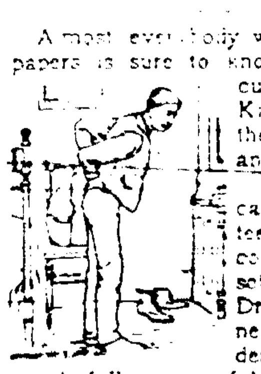
"It is not my fault, sir," the tailor assured him. "Every care was taken, but how could we fit a gentleman who would insist upon being measured sitting down?"

And the only satisfaction that could be obtained from Sir Harry Poland himself later on was the dry comment: "Well, it's my business and not yours. I like to be comfortable. I spend three parts of my life sitting down, and I preferred to be measured so."

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

A most everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful



cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, [illegible] Home of Swamp-Root. [illegible] dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

After you once know the virtues of

Hale's Honey OF Horehound and Tar

you will never be without it. Coughs, colds and sore throats are quickly relieved and soon cured by its wonderful healing power. For sale in drug stores. 25 cents, 50 cents and $1. Largest size cheapest.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS

CURE IN ONE MINUTE.

HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE, Black or Brown, 50 Cents.

M. T. MYERS,

(Successor to N. T. CHANDLER,)

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,

WELLSBORO, PA.

Calls day or night receive prompt attention. Telephone on any line at my expense.

NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR EMBALMING IN ANY PART OF THE COUNTY.

Picture Frames made to order. Over 100 new up-to-date samples to select from. Large line of ovals, round and square frames. A nice line of Framed Pictures. Prices to suit all.

REMEMBER THE PLACE—Crafton street [illegible] Hardware Store, [illegible] Opposite [illegible] Market.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

First National Bank,

OF WELLSBORO, PA.

CAPITAL STOCK, $125,000

SURPLUS, - - $125,000

This Bank transacts a general banking business; makes collections, sells drafts on Europe, and gives prompt attention to all business at lowest rates. Interest paid on time deposits. Steamship tickets by first-class lines to and from New York.

With a record of twenty-three years of prudent and successful management, marked by a steady growth of both Capital and Patronage this Bank does business on as liberal terms as are consistent with safe banking.

MANSFIELD NORMAL SCHOOL

A SUPERIOR TRAINING SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS.

This makes the best possible school for those desiring a GENERAL EDUCATION.

ADDED DEPARTMENTS, presided over in this school by SPECIALISTS—COLLEGE PREPARATORY, ART, MUSIC, ELOCUTION, BUSINESS.

TUITION FREE.

Beautiful buildings and surroundings, best of table board, commodious and pleasant rooms.

DISCIPLINE KIND BUT FIRM. The most elevating, intellectual, moral and social influences.

Fall term begins September 3, 1901. Winter term, December 2, 1901.

For catalogue and all information, address the Principal.

ANDREW THOMAS SMITH, Ph. D., August 2, 1901—2m. Mansfield, Pa.

[illegible] most brilliant gem that was ever [illegible] the earth would not amount to much if there were no people [illegible] with each other for its possession.

The most spacious store, the most carefully selected stock of goods, the cleverest corps of clerks will not avail unless people know about them.

Knowledge of such things is spread in various ways. A passerby may drop in and be impressed. He may tell his neighbor, and he in turn may tell somebody else.

That is one way, and [illegible] who today think it is good enough. Modern development, however, has supplied in newspapers the best means. They go into every home in the land, however humble, however magnificent. Through them all of the information can be supplied, not to one, but to thousands.

Are you using this paper to the best advantage?

AN ADVERTISEMENT **A**PTLY **A**RRANGED **A**LWAYS **A**TTRACTS **A**TTENTION.

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ERIE RAILROAD

Time Table in Effect Nov. 3, 1901.

WESTWARD. / EASTWARD.

No. 3	No. 7	No. 5	No. 11	No. 1	No. 29	STATIONS.	No. 16	No. 2	No. 8	No. 14	No. 12	No. 10
p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	Leave. Arrive.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.
9.10	7.25	2.25	....	8.55	....	New York	7.00	7.00	7.55	12.52	6.30	8.00
6.10	6.10	6.10	....	9.33	....	Carbondale	5.45	5.45	5.45	....	8.53	8.53
3.40	1.10	8.15	6.33	2.26	6.35	Susquehanna	12 05	1.32	2.30	6.45	12.23	2.25
....	note	....	6 48	....	6.50	Great Bend	11.41	....	....	6.25	note	....
4.30	1.45	8.55	7.15	2.58	7.20	Binghamton	10.51	1.01	1.53	6.00	11.40	1.43
....	....	....	7.31	....	7 37	Union	10.22	....	....	5.38	....	....
5.06	2.15	9.25	7 56	3.25	8.04	Owego	9.51	12.32	1.21	5.13	11.00	1.09
5.36	....	9.51	8.32	3.49	8 40	Waverly	9.11	12.08	12.53	4.39	10.28	12.42
6.09	3.05	10.20	9.05	4.13	9.18	Elmira	8.26	11.45	12.28	4.00	9.58	12.16
6.45	3.31	10.47	9.35	4.38	9.54	Corning	7.45	11.21	12.01	3.24	9.18	11.50
7.10	....	....	9.56	4.54	10.19	Addison	6.55	11.05	11.45	3.02	8.56	11.31
[illegible]	....	....	[illegible]	....	[illegible]	Canisteo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2.23	8.15	....
8.22	4.35	11.50	10.55	5.35	[illegible]	Hornellsville	6.00	10.25	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.05	10.50
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	....	8.00	[illegible]	....	4.0[illegible]	8.10
[illegible]	[illegible]	....	....	9.09	9.09	Niagara Falls	....	7.15	[illegible]	....	12.45	6.43
11.35	6.5	2.15	....	8.50	2.42	Salamanca	....	7.10	[illegible]	11.15	5.10	8.30
11.45	7.00	2.08	....	....	2.50	Jamestown	....	....	[illegible]	5.57	3.05	6.35
6 30	12.30	[illegible]	....	....	[illegible]	Cleveland	....	....	[illegible]	....	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	....	[illegible]	....	....	6.50	Cincinnati	....	....	6.25	....	....	....
7.35	9.4	5.20	....	....	7.35	Chicago	....	....	3.00	....	9.20	....
a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	Arrive. Leave.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

Above trains run daily except 29, which does not run Sundays between Salamanca and Jamestown, and Hornellsville and Buffalo. Jefferson Div. trains 4, 2, 1, 23 run daily except Sunday; trains 20, 22, 3 run daily; trains 34, 25, 29 run Sundays only. No. 7 does not run west of Leavittsburg, Ohio, on Mondays and days following legal holidays. No. 14 does not run Sundays between Jamestown and Salamanca. No. 7 will stop at Great Bend to let off passengers from New York. No. 12 will stop at Great Bend to pick up passengers for New York. Trains 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12 are vestibuled.

Additional trains going East—No. 24, daily local, leaves Hornellsville 4.10 p. m., Canisteo 4.[illegible], Addison 5.06, Corning 5.35, Elmira 6.21, Waverly 6.56, Owego 7.33, Binghamton 8.20, Great Bend 8.48, arrives at Susquehanna 9.05, p. m. Trains 38 and 22, daily except Sunday, leave Binghamton 6.15 a. m. and 3.35 p. m. for New York and to Carbondale via Susquehanna.

Additional Trains going West—No. 15, local, daily, leaves Susquehanna 12.15 p. m., Great Bend 12.31, Binghamton 1.07, Owego 1.59, Waverly 2.34, Elmira 3.11, Corning 3.47, Addison 4.11, Canisteo 5.06, arrives at Hornellsville 5.10 p. m. Trains 27 and 21 daily except Sunday, from New York and Carbondale, arrive at Binghamton 10.16 p. m. and 12.04 noon.

ROCHESTER DIVISION.

101	17	103	STATIONS.	18	108	112
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Lve. Arr.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
5.75	1.45	6.45	Elmira	10.35	1.12	9.06
6.0[illegible]	2.2[illegible]	7.20	Corning	10.04	12.40	8.30
6.42	3.06	8.03	Bath	9.23	11.59	7.47
7.35	3.56	8.58	Wayland	8.33	11.11	6.53
9.15	5.55	10.45	Rochester	6.50	9.25	5.00
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.

Nos. 17, 18 and 108 run daily except Sunday; others run daily.

TIOGA DIVISION.

105	107	109	STATIONS.	102	104	106.
a. m.	a. m.	p. m.	Lve. Arr.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
5.03	9.35	4.50	Elmira	9.15	4.35	5.20
....	10.43	6.08	Lawrenceville	8.07	2.05	4.13
8.05	11.01	6.23	Tioga	7.47	1.10	3.56
9.10	11.[illegible]	6.40	Mansfield	7.30	12.30	3.37
10.00	11.4[illegible]	7.00	Blossburg	7.10	11.00	3.15
a. m.	a. m.	p. m.		a. m.	a. m.	p. m.

All trains daily except Sundays.

No. 128, local, Sundays only, leaves Rochester at 8.30 a. m., Wayland 10.11, a. m., Bath 11.01 a. m., Corning 11.42, arriving at Elmira at 12.17 p. m. No. 113, daily except Sunday and Monday, leaves Elmira 3.05 a. m., Corning 4.10, a. m., Bath 4.47, Wayland 5.32 a. m., arrives at Rochester at 6.10 a. m. Parlor cars. Through Pullman sleeping cars to Albany, Boston, New York, Buffalo, Chautauqua Lake, Cambridge Springs, Cleveland, Cincinnati Chicago. Tourist car service to western Pacific coast and California points; also to Boston via Binghamton and Albany. Highback seat coaches. Connections made at Binghamton, Union Depot, with D. & H. trains for Albany, Boston, Saratoga, Lake Champlain, Lake George. Dining and cafe cars. Trains protected by safety block signal system.

D. W. COOKE, General Passenger Agent, New York.

W. G. MACEWARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Elmira, N. Y.

RETTIG'S BOTTLING WORKS,

CORNING, N. Y.

BARTHOLOMAY'S CELEBRATED LAGER

Mineral Water, Ginger Ale and All Kinds of Pop.

Our line of bottled goods, which are put up fresh daily, include the following:

BEER.	ALE.
Bartholomay's Export.	Evans' India Pale Ale.
Bartholomay's Apollo.	Brown Stout and Cream Ale.
Bartholomay's Vitamalt.	Extra fine bottled Cream Ale.
Bartholomay's Bavarian.	Robert Smith's India Pale Ale.
Bartholomay's Bohemian.	Ryan's Sparkling Ale.
Bartholomay's Pale, extra.	Ryan's Celebrated Porter.
Feigenspan's Wuerzburger.	

[illegible] by mail or telephone will receive prompt attention. Address

February 2, 1900. VALENTINE RETTIG, Corning, N. Y.

NEW ROUTE TO LONDON.

Found That Mails Can Be Carried [illegible] Across America Than [illegible]

[illegible] to officials of the New York Central railroad the British government has decided to send Australian mails for London by way of San Francisco and New York instead of as formerly by way of the Suez canal. It has been demonstrated that the Pacific and American route is slightly over three days faster than the old route from Sydney to London, by way of Colombo, Aden, Brindisi and London.

"We have heard the good news from [illegible] Francisco officers of the Oceanic Steamship company," said an official of the New York Central railroad. "Shipments of Australian mails will leave New York for London every third week. It is our hope that the Australians will travel to their mother country by this route. We hope, too, that a large freight traffic will be attracted this way.

"The new steamer Ventura, of the Oceanic Steamship company, has brought about this innovation. The [illegible] one of three sister ships built by the Cramps at Philadelphia. The line from Sydney to San Francisco is an American one so that the voyage from New York to London is the only English portion of the trip."

COMES TO POVERTY.

Relative of George Washington Found to Be an Inmate of the Almshouse

Alice Washington Far[illegible] who is 65 years old and a third [illegible] removed of George Washington [illegible] fore Superintendent [illegible] the outdoor poor department of the department of public charities and [illegible] sent to the almshouse. Mrs. [illegible] has occasioned much anxiety and [illegible] appointment to many persons who became interested in her [illegible] her lineage and her poverty. [illegible]

[illegible]

WINTER BALLOONING.

M. Santos-Dumont Plans to Carry On His Experiments Near the City of Monaco.

[illegible]

aerial passage from Monaco [illegible] Corsica a distance of [illegible] kilometers which he hopes to be able to accomplish in four hours.

Plan Cars for Women Only

A vigorous [illegible] has been proceeding in the [illegible] press lately on the comparative [illegible] ness of different races [illegible] women, in which it is [illegible] that the treatment of women in America [illegible] men in the street [illegible] that as a [illegible] weaker sex is [illegible] England than [illegible] commentary [illegible] in the shape of [illegible] ty council to es[illegible] street cars especially for women [illegible] in the busy [illegible] have no chance of ge[illegible] the council [illegible]

Roosevelt Officer of Bible Society

President Roosevelt has [illegible] first vice president of the [illegible] Bible society. [illegible] executive committee of [illegible] said that the [illegible] June at Oyster Bay [illegible] in a leaflet and [illegible] lation. It has been [illegible] and has been circulated in Mexico and the Argentine Republic. It was because of his services to the society in making the address that Mr Roosevelt was given the office.

Versatile English Nobleman

The earl of Crewe is perhaps the most versatile of English noblemen. He is noted as a writer of verse, as a bibliophile and as an art connoisseur and critic. He [illegible] also held several government positions, and from 1892 to 1895 was Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

One Man's Salary

[illegible] has taken out that he gets [illegible] a year for being [illegible] must wonder [illegible] the Chicago [illegible]

[illegible] Classification.

New Minister [illegible] not [illegible] Another [illegible] destroyer [illegible] Chicago [illegible]

The Apple Is King

It Distances All Other American Fruits and Even Cotton in the Race for Supremacy.

Corn and cotton even those least interested in agricultural matters know to be our important American crops but to many it will be news to learn that the average yearly yield of apples is of more value than the average year [illegible] of cotton, that seldom wheat outranks it in value, that corn is [illegible] it has failed to distance.

It is impossible to get a satisfactory estimate of the apple crop because of the inability to find out exactly how much is reserved for [illegible] use. The estimate for 1900 is given as 15,000,000 barrels. At an average price of two dollars a barrel the value of the crop would be $450,000,000, a neat sum making the fanciful name "King of American Fruits" seem not far out of the way.

A fruit of so great monetary value, so pleasing to the palate, so healthful, deserves at least passing [illegible] the hands of the historian and some [illegible] attention has been given it. Musty records and yellow leaves of irregularly kept but valuable old diaries give us a little idea of the evolution of the American apple. Capt. [illegible] Smith bears witness that our acid friend the crabapple he found [illegible] here when first he set foot on American soil. In 1622 the Virginia company sent to Jamestown garden seeds and scions of fruit trees and [illegible] Smith relates that some have planted that prospered exceedingly of apples, pears, peaches, apricots, vines, figs and other fruit. In 164[illegible] the apple is recorded as grafted on wild stocks in Virginia. In 1686 William Fitzhugh describing his own plantation mentions "a large orchard of 2,500 apple trees most grafted well fenced with a locust fence." Probably [illegible] say that by the close of the [illegible] of [illegible]

[illegible]

The apple moved westward with the Frenchmen when they began to [illegible]

mass [illegible] for them [illegible] ing the [illegible]

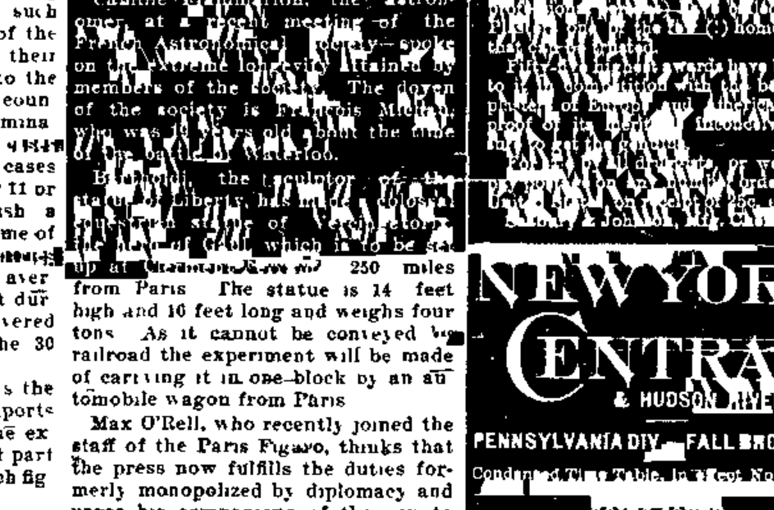
[illegible] great [illegible] the Mississippi [illegible] to offer the refre[illegible] from [illegible] seek [illegible] the new [illegible] west. Our export trade in fruit probably begun with the apple it [illegible] a fruit fit for shipment and gr[illegible] convenient to the seaports. In 1741 records show apples were exported to the West Indies from New England. [illegible] inconsiderable quantities [illegible] it is thought there must have been a development of this trade much earlier in the century. American apples helped out English apple [illegible] crop had failed and sold across the water for two, three and four pence apiece. They were considered superior even to the apples of Italy. The apple export of 1821 is recorded [illegible] 966.

In 1845 Londoners that could afford the luxury were paying 42 cents apiece for Newton pippins, a variety that for years was a favorite in England. Great Britain is [illegible] our best export market for apples [illegible] figures now being needed to mark the cost of the apples she yearly buys from us. Germany is fast increasing her demand for this fruit of ours, but [illegible]

[illegible] as a buyer of the American apple.

The greater part of the apples exported are grown in the eastern [illegible] though the Mississippi valley [illegible] great apple orchard districts and the Pacific coast is coming to the front with what was the [illegible] fruit of New England.

About 20 of the 1,000 varieties of apples grown in America are exported. The ten principal export apples we give below. The Baldwin, a favorite, is a bright pretty apple, keeps well, is juicy, and has a slightly acid flavor. It came originally from New England, but grows well in Colorado,



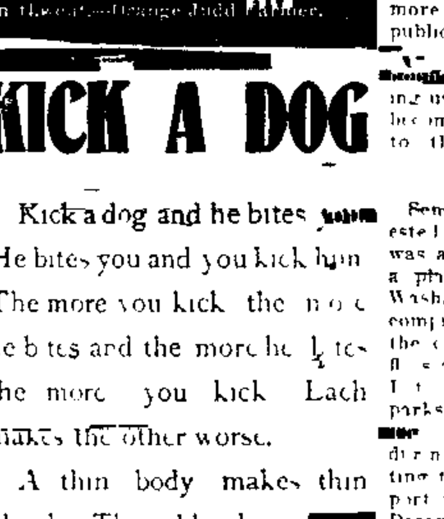
THE APPLE OUTDISTANCES COTTON.

Nevada, Utah, Idaho, Washington and California, and is most largely planted [illegible] New York and [illegible] Ben Davis, the apple most extensively planted in the commercial orchards of the United States, owing to its acidity is not [illegible] dessert use.

Many Americans call the Jonathan their favorite thinking it an act of patriotism so to do, but [illegible] apple got its name not from Brother Jonathan but from one Jonathan [illegible]

[illegible]

coveted by Victoria's subjects.



THE APPLE IS KING

Important in Medical Practice

It [illegible] ne popular belief that Minister Wu has a monopoly of all [illegible] humor to be obtained from China. [illegible] Herbert [illegible] tells a story of a Chinese [illegible] an who had blunderingly [illegible] managed a case to which he had been called in consultation.

The indignant family seized him and tied him up but in the night he [illegible] to free himself and escaped [illegible] swimming a river which [illegible] result.

[illegible] He [illegible] his wet clothes and turning to the student said gravely:

"My son don't be in a hurry with your books. The first and most important thing is to learn to swim."—Youth's Companion.

The Cat and the Tail

Once upon a time a cat who prided herself on her wit and wisdom was prowling about the barn in search of food and saw a tail protruding from a hole.

"There is the conclusion of a rat," she said.

Then she crept stealthily toward [illegible] until within striking distance, when she made a jump and reached it with her claws. Alas! it was not the appendage of a rat but the tail of a snake, who immediately turned and gave her a mortal bite.

Moral: It is dangerous to jump at conclusions.—N. Y. Herald.

A Thanksgiving Reminiscence

Rev. Dr. Primrose—I suppose you went right into the dinner?

Swipes the Newsboy—Nix. The dinner went right into me.—Harlem Life.

OUR CLUBBING RATES

Any one of the following first class journals will be furnished with the Gazette for 1901 at the following prices:

New York Tri-Weekly World	$2 00
The [illegible] ner, William J. Bryan	
[illegible]	2 00
[illegible] Post, Daily	4
[illegible]	
[illegible] Weekly Tribune	
[illegible]	

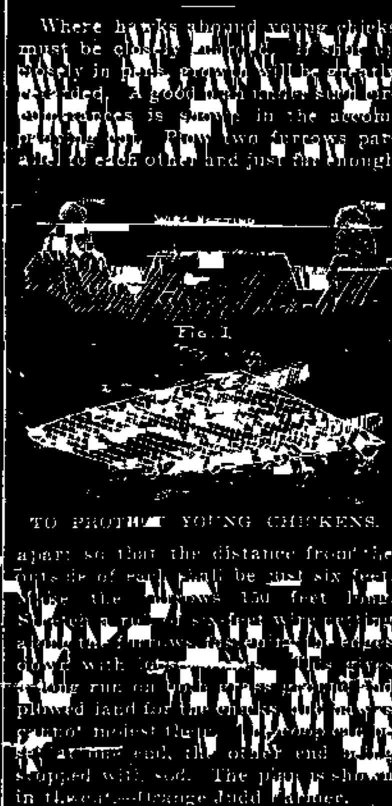
[illegible] in all cases must be strictly in advance.

—We print books, catalogues, pamphlets, posters, dodgers, auction bills, letter heads, note heads, bill heads, statements, envelopes, business cards, calling cards, wedding invitations, wedding announcements, [illegible] anything on short notice.

[illegible]

TURKEYS FOR MARKET.

[illegible]



GUARDING THE CHICKS.

[illegible]

Where hawks abound young chicks must be closely [illegible] in hawk [illegible] guarded. A good [illegible] is [illegible] two furrows parallel to each other and just far enough

Fig. 1.

TO PROTECT YOUNG CHICKENS.

apart so that the distance from the outside of each shall be just six feet. [illegible] in the Orange Judd Farmer.

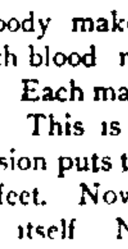
KICK A DOG

Kick a dog and he bites [illegible] He bites you and you kick him. The more you kick the more he bites and the more he bites the more you kick. Each makes the other worse.

A thin body makes thin blood. Thin blood [illegible] thin body. Each makes the other worse. If there is going to be a change the help must come from outside.

Scott's Emulsion is the right help. It breaks up [illegible] combination. First it sets the stomach right. Then it enriches the blood. That strengthens the body and it begins to grow new flesh.

A strong body makes rich blood and rich blood makes a strong body. Each makes the other better. This is the way Scott's Emulsion puts the thin body on its feet. Now it can get along by itself. No need of medicine.



This picture [illegible] the Trade Mark of Scott's [illegible] the [illegible] Send for free sample. [illegible]

TRADE OF NATIONS.

[illegible] Statement [illegible]

Tables Showing the Exports and Imports [illegible] tries of the World — United States in the Lead.

An accurate measurement of the commerce of the principal countries of the world at the present time is afforded by some figures published by the treasury bureau of statistics in the September number of the Monthly Summary of Commerce and Finance. The statement is in the form of a [illegible] showing the commerce of 30 leading countries of the world during such part of the fiscal year of each of the countries as is available from their latest official reports. Owing to the fact that the fiscal years of the countries differ in their dates of termination, the statement is in some cases for a six months' period, in other cases for eight, and in other cases for 11 or 12 months. In order to furnish a basis for comparison of the volume of the commerce of the various countries the bureau of statistics gives the average monthly import and export during [illegible] fiscal year covered in the statement for each of the 30 countries in question.

The table which follows shows the average monthly imports and exports of the ten countries in which the exports exceed the imports in that part of the current fiscal year for which figures are now available.

Countries	Average per month during 1901— Imports	Exports
United States	$ 1 530 9_3	$113 864 85
India British	21 795 511	31 565 17[illegible]
Austria Hungary	25 098 202	30 311 99[illegible]
Russia European	22 815 000	27 373 000
Argentina	9 06 47	15 7 5 763
Brazil	5 795 194	15 061 841
Mexico	5 6 301	6 239 3[illegible]
Chili	3 909 70[illegible]	5 100 104
Roumania	3 189 856	4 503 340
Uruguay	2 260 573	3 328 445

The following table shows the average monthly imports and exports of the 20 countries in which the imports exceed the exports in that part of the current fiscal year for which figures are now available.

Countries	Imports	Exports
United Kingdom	$20[illegible] 556 490	$113 905 085
Germany	1[illegible] 199 666	8[illegible] 821 833
France	[illegible] 5[illegible] 009	66 2[illegible]6 000
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Belgium	34 3[illegible] 000	28 021 000
Italy	29 6[illegible]1 785	21 797 747
Switzerland	16 [illegible] 75	13 1[illegible]
Canada	15 641 760	12 759 063
Spain	13 4[illegible] 853	10 075 800
Japan	11 204 785	9 597 743
China	13 446 163	9 553 665
Turkey	7 229 000	6 665 000
Egypt	5 735 3[illegible]8	5 701 025
Denmark	8 208 031	5 326 500
Cuba	5 401 713	5 254 530
Cape of Good Hope	7 491 103	4 075 665
Norway	5 931 944	3 549 73[illegible]
Portugal	5 715 463	2 4[illegible]5 854
Philippine Islands	2 516 539	1 903 41[illegible]
Greece	2 01[illegible] 792	1 0[illegible]0 71[illegible]

FUTURE OF THE AUTOMOBILE.

At Anniversary Dinner of Club at London Declared That Machine Has Come to Stay

At the anniversary dinner of the [illegible] Club of Great Britain and Ireland to commemorate the completion of the fifth year since the light locomotives on highways act of 1896 came into operation just held at the Hotel Metropole some interesting speeches were delivered on automobiling in England, the difficulties attending it and what ought to be done to render it [illegible] says the New York Herald's London representative. Mr. Roger W. Wallace, chairman of the Automobile club, presided. Sir Francis Jeune, proposing His majesty's government, said he could not forget that one at least of his majesty's ministers, Mr. Arthur Balfour, had manifested a hearty interest in automobiles and automobilists.

Mr. Chapin proposed the success of the Automobile club and its affiliated clubs. He said the subject of automobilism was daily becoming of more importance and interest to the public. Automobiles had come to [illegible] had many compensating uses and advantages which might become of real importance in relation to [illegible] present day questions.

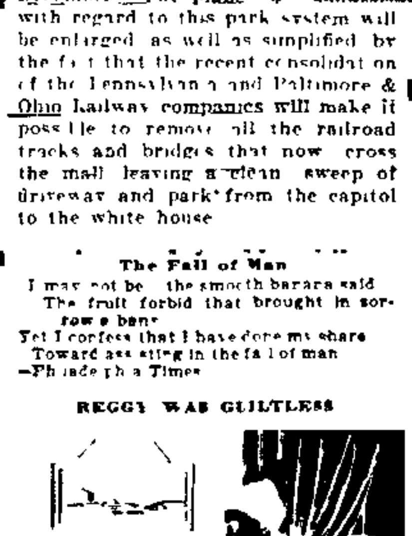
To Beautify Washington

Senator McMillan is much interested in the work of the board that was appointed last spring to outline a plan for beautifying the city of Washington by bringing into one comprehensive chain all the parks of the city, reclaiming the Anacostia flats along the eastern branch of the [illegible] and connecting all the parks with a system of boulevards. [illegible] visited Europe during the summer and are now putting the finishing touches upon a report to be submitted to congress in December. The plans [illegible] with regard to this park system will be enlarged as well as simplified by the fact that the recent consolidation of the Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio Railway companies will make it possible to remove all the railroad tracks and bridges that now cross the mall, leaving a clean sweep of driveway and park from the capitol to the white house.

The Fall of Man

I may not be the smooth banana said
The fruit forbid that brought in sorrow's bane
Yet I confess that I have done my share
Toward assisting in the fall of man.
—Philadelphia Times

REGGY WAS GUILTLESS



[illegible] Reggie [illegible] basket [illegible] for a quarter.—Chicago Daily News.

PERSONAL AND LITERARY.

Gen. Greely, [illegible]

[illegible] to offer his services to the government when the Spanish war broke out, has just celebrated his one hundred and fifth birthday at Barbourville, W. Va.

Prof. Henry Phelps Johnstone, of the department of history in the city of New York college, has just [illegible] a biography of Nathan [illegible] which will contain many let[illegible]

[illegible]

Camille Flammarion, the astronomer, at a recent meeting of the French Astronomical society spoke on [illegible] longevity attained by members of the society. The doyen of the society is [illegible] who was [illegible] years old about the time of [illegible] Waterloo.

[illegible] the sculptor of the statue of Liberty [illegible] colossal [illegible] statue of [illegible] which is to be set up at [illegible] 250 miles from Paris. The statue is 14 feet high and 16 feet long and weighs four tons. As it cannot be conveyed by railroad the experiment will be made of carrying it in one block by an automobile wagon from Paris.

Max O'Rell, who recently joined the staff of the Paris Figaro, thinks that the press now fulfills the duties formerly monopolized by diplomacy and urges his companions of the pen to refrain from writing on any subject with which they have not at least an elementary acquaintance. If this plan were followed everywhere he says that 20 years hence the peace of the world would be assured.

Habibullah, the successor of Abdurrahman as ameer of Afghanistan, is a handsome young man of 30 with dark hair and mustache, sallow complexion and a pair of large, rather dreamy black eyes. He has neither the gigantic frame of Abdurrahman nor his commanding presence. But by all accounts he is a man of great ability, who has had a great deal of administrative experience and is [illegible]

MYSTERIOUS VENUS.

Speculations and Reckonings of Astronomers Concerning [illegible]

The most beautiful planet and the one that comes nearest to the earth and most resembles the earth in size is at the same time the most mysterious. Is Venus a living world or a dead one—that is to say, is it in condition to support inhabitants? Is it probable that such inhabitants are there, or on the other hand, is it unsuited for their presence and other forms of living forms?

These questions [illegible] able at present to answer [illegible] efforts to answer them and the observations that they have made of the mysterious planet possess an almost startling interest, says the Baltimore News.

First let us briefly recall [illegible] is. It is a globe like ours [illegible] very nearly the same magnitude, having a diameter of about [illegible] while that of the earth is [illegible] than 7,900 miles. So nearly of the same size are the two planets that if we could view them from an equal distance we should be unable without the aid of instruments of measurement to detect any difference between them. The substance of Venus is slightly lighter, bulk for bulk, than that which composes the earth [illegible] the difference in this respect [illegible] again that it would require [illegible] examination to distinguish between a cubic foot of the soil of Venus and an equal amount of the soil of the earth. It follows that on Venus the force of gravitation or the [illegible] that on the earth. If we could step upon Venus we should find that we had parted with a few pounds of weight, but the difference would not be very noticeable except perhaps on the race track.

But this planet so like the earth in many respects is very different from our globe in its situation. The earth's distance from the sun is 93,000,000 miles, the distance of Venus from the sun is 67,000,000. This difference becomes a matter of great importance when we consider the effects which the sun produces upon the two planets. [illegible] varies inversely [illegible] distance. When we [illegible] square of the earth's distance from the sun with the square of Venus' [illegible] double the latter. This means that Venus on the average gets twice as much heat and light from the sun as our earth gets.

Gum Arabic Produced by Ants

Gum arabic is an exudation from [illegible] obtain the gum the stem must be cut or perforated so that the juice may exude, and we are told by M. Walter [illegible] the gum production of German East Africa that in the majority of cases this necessary perforation is accomplished by ants, without whose labors therefore the world could not get its supply of gum arabic—at [illegible] with the present case.—M. Busse, in Le Journal d'Agriculture Tropicale.

Solved the Problem

Little Ethel: Mammy, I know why it isn't safe to count chickens before they're hatched.

Mother: Why, dear?

"Cos some of 'em might be ducks."—Ohio State Journal.

Street Corner Civilities

"Well," said the blind man, grasping his cane and starting on, "I'll see you again."

"Let me hear from you occasionally," [illegible] and dumb man.—Chicago Tribune.

He Lies Low

[illegible] plot of and [illegible] as well as the and [illegible]

RIGHT UP TO DATE.

[illegible]

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

PENNSYLVANIA DIV.—FALL BROOK DIST.

Condensed Time Table. In Effect Nov. [illegible]

[illegible]

Williamsport	9 00	3 30	10 30	12 20		10	
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.	
Reading P. & R.	2 30	8 26	5 00	5 50		5 00	
Philadelphia	4 35	10 22	6 59	8 19		6 59	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	

GOING NORTH. | Sundays

[illegible]

Connections at Lyons and Geneva with main line and Auburn road trains at Williamsport with Philadelphia & Reading R. R.

[illegible] H. DANIELS, Gen'l Pass. Agent, New York. W. H. NORTHROP, General Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

Popular Scenic Route

BUFFALO AND SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Condensed Time Table in Effect July 1, 1901

STATIONS		Da Ex	Da Ex				
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Addison	Lv	7 15	11 10		5 10	5 10	
Elkland		7 46	11 41		5 41	5 41	
Osceola		7 51	11 46		5 46	5 46	
Knoxville		8 00	11 55		5 55	5 55	
Westfield		8 16	12 11		6 11	6 11	
Gaines Junc		10 00	12 [illegible]		6 47	6 47	
Galeton	Ar	10 20	1 00		7 00	7 00	
Galeton	Lv		6 25	5 00			
Germania		10 28	6 31	5 07			
Corbett		10 34	6 14	5 1[illegible]		7 15	
Cross Fork Junc		10 58	7 2[illegible]	5 40		7 40	
Wharton		11 39	8 04	6 24		8 24	
Costello		11 49		6 34		8 28	
Austin		11 58		6 43		8 45	
Keat. Summit	Ar	12 25		7 10			
		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		
Keating Summit	Lv		12 40	7 30	9 10		
Austin		7 00	1 0[illegible]	8 00	9 50		
Costello		7 10	1 14				
Wharton		7 22	1 26		3 10		
Cross Fork Junc		8 0[illegible]	2 [illegible]				
Corbett		8 33	2 36		5 15		
Germania		8 43	2 47		5 24		
Galeton	Ar				5 35		
Galeton	Lv	8 53	2 53				
Gaines June		9 05	3 06				
Westfield		9 43	3 43				
Knoxville		9 56	3 56				
Osceola		10 [illegible]	4 06				
Elkland		10 12	4 11				
Addison	Ar	10 44	4 43				
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		

STATIONS		Daily	Da Ex Sun	Da Ex Sun	Da Ex Sun
		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
[illegible]	Lv			9 40	8 20
[illegible]				9 54	8 [illegible]
South Gaines				9 57	8 39
[illegible]				9 [illegible]	8 42
Galeton	Ar			10 20	8 55
Galeton	Lv	6 30	1 05		
Walton		6 47	1 2[illegible]		
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]		
West Bingham		[illegible]	[illegible]		
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]		
Wellsville	Ar	8 06	3 4[illegible]		
		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Wellsville	Lv	8 30	3 20		
[illegible]		8 38	3 48		
[illegible]		8 56	3 46		
West Bingham		9 09	3 59		
Newfield Junc		9 2[illegible]	4 1[illegible]		
Walton		9 51	4 41		
Galeton	Ar	10 10	5 00		
Galeton	Lv			8 58	7 2[illegible]
[illegible]				9 05	7 34
[illegible] Gaines				9 07	7 40
Manhattan				9 11	7 44
Ansonia	Ar			9 2	8 00
		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
3 0[illegible]	1 00	6 20	Cross Fork	11 05	7 0[illegible]	6 35
3 1[illegible]	2 00	7 2	Cross Fork Jc	11 00	2 10	5 45
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Leave Wharton for Sinnemahoning daily except Sunday at [illegible] a. m., arriving at Sinnemahoning at [illegible] a. m. Returning leaves Sinnemahoning at 1 [illegible] p. m., arriving at Wharton at 3 00 p. m.

Connections

At Keating Summit with P. R. R. Buffalo [illegible]

At Ansonia with [illegible] C. A. R. R.

[illegible]

At Newfield [illegible] with C. A. R. R.

At [illegible] in the New York &

[illegible]

[illegible] FANK, Gen'l Supt. [illegible] M. J. M. MANCK, Gen. Pass. Agent.

[illegible]

HEMLOCK HAS BEEN CORNERED.

Every District in State "Tight [illegible]—Entire Output is Controlled.

[illegible] of John A. Du Bois, the Pennsylvania lumber king, are back of the project having for its aim the cornering of the hemlock market. Twenty millions of dollars are said to be at the disposal of the combination, and persons familiar with the situation say that sum will be required to bring about the culmination of the plan.

Mr. Du Bois has sent representatives to half a dozen States, and their work has been performed so quietly that its nature and intent were not revealed until the corner had been practically effected. The price of hemlock is now $14 to $15 per thousand feet, but it is thought the scramble for it that will now ensue will bring the price up to $18 to $20. The latter figure is the one fixed by the combine for letting go of their vast accumulation.

A dispatch says that the transaction is considered the most daring in the history of the lumber business in Pennsylvania. The greater part of the hemlock is owned by the big tanning companies, and as many of these are in sympathy with the Du Bois crowd, the acquirement of options on their lumber was not difficult. With these vast holdings as a nucleus, the pool was not long in forming. The deal had not progressed far until F. H. Goodyear & Co., of Buffalo, N. Y., and several other "lumber princes" were glad to become identified with it. They were let in, and then the lines were sharply drawn.

Options have been secured when possible; when necessary purchases outright have been made. The Pittsburg, Williamsport, South Fork and Northern fields were attacked simultaneously, and they are described to be "tight as a drum" today. In the Pittsburg district 1,200,000,000 feet of hemlock have been centered; in Williamsport, 160,000,000; in South Fork, 65,000,000, and in Vintondale, 20,000,000. This represents the output of a year from districts tributary to these centres.

MORE SPECULATIONS BUSTED.

The Pine Creek Gas and Oil Prospects Have Apparently Gone Glimmering.

The dream of Pine Creek folk and of numerous others who have sunk their money in the many non-producing wells along the creek, which were calculated to bring forth oil and gas in abundance, is about over. It will likely be many years before another attempt will be made to bring oil or gas from the Pine Creek region—possibly never. All the way along the creek from Jersey Shore to Ansonia are evidences of blasted hopes in the shape of deserted derricks.

A correspondent in reviewing the situation says: On several occasions have investors had an opportunity to allow their hopes to run high—once when indications were that a big "gasser" had been located at Cedar Run, but the flow soon became exhausted. For years there has been a prevailing belief that oil and gas existed in the Pine Creek region, and this belief was given a fresh impetus by the discoveries at Gaines, which at first were promising. Companies immediately organized and wells were drilled at various points—Cedar Run, Ansonia, Blackwells and Waterville. At the latter well the machinery was removed only a few weeks ago and taken to the operations in Clinton county.

Other wells have been sunk north of Pine Creek—near Stokesdale Junction and at other points in that same locality, and all with the same results. While no particular individuals have been very heavy losers in Pine Creek oil operations, thousands have been sunk along the little stream without a cent of returns.

THAT JACKSON CASE.

Sudden Change of Heart of the Editor of the Covington Sun.

COVINGTON, Dec. 12.—The last issue of the *Sun* contained a large advertisement for Jackson, the Arnot druggist, who was indicted at the December term of court in 1899 for selling liquor without license. At the April term of court last year Jackson plead guilty and sentence was deferred. Nothing further has developed in the case, so far as can be learned from the court reports in the county seat papers.

The *Sun*, which professes to be the only dyed-in-the-wool temperance sheet in the county, had more or less adverse criticism to make in its columns last year as to the disposition of the Jackson case, when sentence was to be imposed, etc., etc. Of late the *Sun* has been mum as an oyster.

Now, Charley, please tell your readers why you have so abruptly suspended further comment regarding the case of J. W. Jackson, of Arnot, who was indicted for selling liquor without license at the December term of court in 1899. The court records will probably give you all the desired information. Better look it up.

New Timber Road in Elk.

The right of way for the new railroad through Marshlands to the head of Elk run has been secured by the Buffalo & Susquehanna railroad, and active work on the construction of the road will be commenced soon. As stated in a recent issue this branch railroad will connect with the main line at Watrous and will be used to haul timber and bark from the B[illegible] tract which has been bought by the [illegible] Lumber Company, of Galeton.

A Marshlands correspondent in speaking of the new [illegible] it will be no benefit [illegible] ably a good many [illegible] many farmers [illegible] get to their pastures [illegible] it will be likely [illegible] accidents [illegible] received quite a generous [illegible] for the use of their land and [illegible] considers them to the new [illegible]

TWO DEATHS IN MIDDLEBURY.

Mrs. Ellen Miller and Ebenezer Briggs Called Hence—Other Notes.

CROOKED CREEK, Dec. [illegible]—Mrs. Ellen [illegible] died very suddenly on Friday after an illness of about six weeks. On Wednesday morning the remains were taken to Horseheads, N. Y., the former home of the deceased.

Ebenezer H. Briggs, our oldest resident, passed away last Friday morning, aged 85 years. He was born in Spencer, N. Y., but removed with his parents into this (Middlebury) township about 1830. He married in 1838 Miss Rhoda Smith, who died about 30 years ago. To them were born seven children, only two of whom survive—Mr. W. J. Briggs and Mr. Rufus M. Briggs. The deceased is also survived by two half-brothers, Messrs. Ira and A. B. A. Briggs. On September 11th, 1875, Mr. Briggs married Miss Edith O. Bartholomew, who survives him. He was an estimable man and a good neighbor. Funeral services were held from the house at 11 a. m. on Sunday, Rev. J. C. Warren, of Pike, N. Y., officiating. Burial in the Briggs cemetery.

The Aid Society met at the home of James Root on Hills Creek last Thursday. Miss Celia Schwartz, the school teacher in that district, took all her pupils to dinner at her expense. This was a very commendable act.

George McKerrick was called to Elmira one day last week to attend the funeral of his mother.

The Sunday-school is preparing to have a Christmas tree and exercises.

Miss Lelia Campbell, who has been visiting Miss Edna Rawson the past six weeks, has returned to her home at Wellsboro.

Freddie Warren, of Pike, N. Y., has been visiting his former schoolmates in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Putnam, of Covington, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Putnam's father, Daniel Holiday.

Mrs. Linus Wilcox is quite sick.

Rev. J. C. Warren, who came here to officiate at the funeral of Mr. Ebenezer Briggs, preached to a full house in the Free Baptist church on Sunday evening.

House Burned at Little Marsh.

LITTLE MARSH, Dec. 12.—Last week Wednesday while Fred Walker and wife were in Elmira their house, together with all its contents, was destroyed by fire. It is said that the family had not been at home since the evening before. It was practically a new house, having been remodeled, improved and enlarged.

The Sunday-schools of this township will hold a convention in this place on Friday and Saturday.

Last week dogs again visited the sheep of Henry VanDyke on South Hill, this being the fourth raid on his flock. On the same night several sheep belonging to Victor Closs, Jr., were killed, also one or more belonging to E. J. Davis, Henry Crampton and Delancey Wass. One dog was captured and killed.

Joseph Cooper is about to trade his hotel property in this place for a farm belonging to Alfred Davis, near the Lattimer oil well.

Wm. Rice has removed to the house which he recently purchased of E. W. Toles. This is the third time he has moved since last April.

The Dime Union will meet with Mrs. Bates next Thursday for dinner.

Successful Social at Cowanesque.

COWANESQUE, Dec. 12.—The social for the benefit of our pastor, Rev. R. C. Grames, held at the home of Dode Newman last Thursday evening, was a complete success both socially and financially, over $15 being realized. Much credit is due the committee for the arrangement of the affair.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Blovelt, of Cayuga, N. Y., and Mr. and Mrs. Silas Pease, of Lower North Fork, visited at the home of Ira B. Luce last Friday.

The Sunday-school of this place is making preparations for a Christmas well instead of a tree as formerly.

A brother of John Brown, from Nebraska, is spending a few weeks in this place.

Mrs. Harmon Hoyt has returned home from Greenwood, N. Y., where she has been visiting her parents, who recently returned to that place from Ord, Nebraska.

Miss Nellie Rumsey, of Galeton, is spending a few days with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Rumsey.

Rev. Mr. Cheesman, of Greenwood, N. Y., was in town one day last week and took dinner with his friend, H. E. Hoyt.

Death of Adolphus Mosher.

Adolphus Mosher, who died at Alfred Center, N. Y., November 28th, was a former well-known resident of Little Marsh, where he resided for over sixty years. Before removing to New York State, about four years ago, he worked the Company farm at Ansonia, where he was also well-known. He was 72 years of age and the cause of his death was Bright's disease, from which he had suffered for some time.

Mr. Mosher is survived by his wife and ten children, as follows: Jerry Mosher, of Gaines; W. L. Mosher, of Whitneyville; L. D. Mosher, of Little Marsh; Mrs. Ralph Button and Mrs. Arthur Ferry, of Almond, N. Y.; Seth Mosher and Mrs. Maria Slocum, of Hornellsville; Mrs. Charles Manning, of Corning, and C. B. and Ellsworth Mosher, of Alfred Center.

The remains were taken to Keeneyville for burial. Funeral services were conducted on the 2d instant by Revs. F. S. Bernauer and Fremont Kerrick.

The remains of Mrs. John McCann, who died at St. Marys, Elk county, on the 2d inst., were taken to Blossburg [illegible] Thursday for burial in the Catholic [illegible] The [illegible] of Mr. McCann [illegible] over a year ago, was also [illegible] The [illegible] of [illegible] and lived there [illegible] the place was abandoned two years ago.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Thursday, December 5.

During November 3,700,766 pounds of coffee were exported [illegible]

I. Newton Evans, of Hatboro, Pa., ex-congressman of the Seventh district, died last night.

American soldiers in Northern Luzon, P. I., are forbidden to drink the native "vino" spirits.

A heavy snow storm prevailed in Kansas last night, covering the eastern half of the state.

Representatives of nearly all railroads running west of Chicago held a meeting in New York yesterday.

Friday, December 6.

Joseph A. Porter, former city treasurer of Camden, N. J., died yesterday.

George B. Chadwick was elected captain of the Yale football team for next year.

Captain Richmond P. Hobson, of the United States navy, lectured before the St. Louis Y. M. C. A. last night.

Professor James Swann, Prohibition candidate for governor of Maryland in 1899, died at his home in Denton, Md.

The Massachusetts state prison at Charleston was closed to visitors yesterday because of the small-pox scare in the city.

The main building of the Michigan Alkali company's soda ash plant at Wyandotte was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $500,000.

Saturday, December 7.

The University of California will send a track team east next year.

The thermometer registered 25 degrees below zero at Ballston, N. Y., yesterday.

Mrs. Roosevelt returned to Washington last night from her visit to New York.

Sherman B. Oviett, ex-speaker of the New Jersey assembly, is critically ill at his home at Asbury Park.

Mgr. Sbaretti, formerly archbishop of Havana, has been appointed apostolic delegate to the Philippine Islands.

Augustus Misal, of Columbia, Pa., brakeman on the Columbia and Port Deposit railroad, fell from his train and was killed at Hain's station.

Monday, December 9.

Senator Quay left for his winter resort at St. Lucie, Fla., today.

President Roosevelt signed the first bill sent to him by congress on Saturday.

A dispatch from Manila says Governor Taft is much better and will leave for home December 20.

The board of health of Sayresville, N. J., closed a handkerchief factory because of an epidemic of small-pox.

T. B. Waters, of Toledo, O., jumped from a third-story window of a hotel at Lafayette, Ind., and broke his neck.

Two thousand customs employes in New York organized a permanent civil service association for mutual benefit.

Herbert Marx, who shot and killed two men near Oak Grove, Va., last Tuesday, arrived at his home in Brooklyn.

Tuesday, December 10.

Thomas B. Ferguson assumed the office of governor of Oklahoma yesterday.

The annual meeting of the National Base Ball League magnates opened in New York.

The Northwest breaker of the Temple Iron company, at Vandling, Pa., was destroyed by fire.

A special session of the Knights of Golden Eagle of Pennsylvania was held in Reading last night.

The Wabash Screen Door company's plant, at Rhinelander, Wis., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $220,000.

Several fatalities and much damage was done by severe gales and snow storms throughout Great Britain.

During a shooting affray between Italians, in Brooklyn, a 9-year-old schoolboy was mortally wounded.

Wednesday, December 11.

Ex-Judge Robert W. Hughes, aged 81 years, died in Washington county, Va.

G. L. Powell and J. S. Overstreet shot and killed each other in a duel at Zolo, Fla.

The churches of Indiana will observe the third Sunday of January as "McKinley day."

Alonzo P. Douglass, a Philadelphia lawyer, committed suicide by firing a bullet through his brain.

The safe of the Citizens' State Bank of Peckham, Okla., was blown open by thieves and $2,900 stolen.

Rev. John Kinnunen, minister of the Finnish Evangelical Lutheran Church at Copper Falls, Mich., killed his wife and two children and then committed suicide.

GENERAL MARKETS.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 10.—Flour firm; winter superfine, $2.60@2.80; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $3.35@3.50; city mills, extra, $2.90@3.15. Rye flour firm, at $3.35@3.40 per bbl. Wheat firm; No. 2 Pennsylvania, red, 82½@83c. Corn quiet; No. 2 yellow, local, 67½c. Oats firm; No. 2 white, clipped, 55c.; lower grades, 50c. Hay weak; No. 1 timothy sold at $15.50@16 for large bales. Beef firm; beef hams, $18.50@19.50. Pork firm; family, $18@18.50. Live poultry sold at 9c. for hens and 6@6½c. for old roosters. Dressed poultry, 10@10½c. for choice fowls, 6½@7c. for old roosters. Butter steady; creamery, 26½c. Eggs were firm; New York and Pennsylvania, 27c. Potatoes firm; eastern, 95c.@$1 per bush.

Live Stock Markets.

East Liberty, Pa., Dec. 10.—Cattle steady; choice, $5.90@6.10, prime, $5.60@5.80; good, $5@5.50. Hogs steady; prime heavies, $6.40@6.50, heavy mediums, $6.15@6.25, light do., $6@6.10; heavy yorkers, $5.85@5.90; light do., $5.75@5.80; pigs, $5.50@5.60; roughs, $4.50@5.75. Sheep slow; best wethers, $3.40@3.75, culls and common, $1@2; yearlings, $2.50@3.75, veal calves, $5.50@6.25.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 10.—Cattle steady; veals, $4@7, do. choice, $7.25. Hogs higher, mixed packers and mediums, $6@6.20; heavy, $6.25@6.30; pigs, $5.50; roughs, $5.25@5.60; stags, $4@4.50. Sheep and lambs steady to strong; top lambs, $4.80@4.90; bulk, $4.80@4.85, others, $3.50@3.75; sheep, mixed culls to good, $1.75@3.50; wethers and yearlings, $3.60@3.80; choice yearlings, $4.

—Tobacco growers in the vicinity of Towanda are kicking because the leaf men refuse to pay the price agreed upon at the time of purchasing, under the claim that much of the tobacco is damaged. The growers do not believe that their tobacco was materially damaged, says the *Reporter-Journal*, that if there was any damage the time to have considered it was when prices were agreed [illegible] refuse to do [illegible] the goods, or else deliver them and then sue for contract price.

SENSIBLE HOLIDAY GIFTS.

In anticipation of a good Holiday trade we have prepared the largest stock of Christmas Goods in the history of our store. The products of all countries are represented in our handsome display of attractions. Here you will find the finest collection of

Fine China, Art Pottery, Novelties, Cameo Ware, Busts, Pipe Racks, Tobacco Jars, Flemish Stems, Jardiniers, Fancy Glassware, Lamps, Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, Fancy Water Sets.

We are, as usual, headquarters for the famous Haviland China. The stock is now at its best.

Our Grocery Department

Embraces the choicest line of Staple and Fancy Groceries to be found in the market. We have a fine assortment of Dried and Evaporated Fruits, Prunes, Peaches, Apricots, etc. Canned Goods of every discription. Oranges, Figs, Dates, Malaga Grapes, Cluster Raisins, etc. A large, fresh stock of Candies and Nuts for the Holiday trade.

GEORGE P. RIBEROLLE,

WELLSBORO, PA.

TIME TO THINK ABOUT CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

The Star Clothing House, of Wellsboro, is showing the newest and most complete line of Neckwear, Mufflers, Handkerchiefs, Slippers, Suit Cases, Unbrellas, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Gloves in all styles. We have also put in a large line of Smoking Jackets in all styles and shades, the prices ranging from $5 to $7.50. You cannot give anything better or more useful for a Christmas present.

Suits and Overcoats from $5 Up

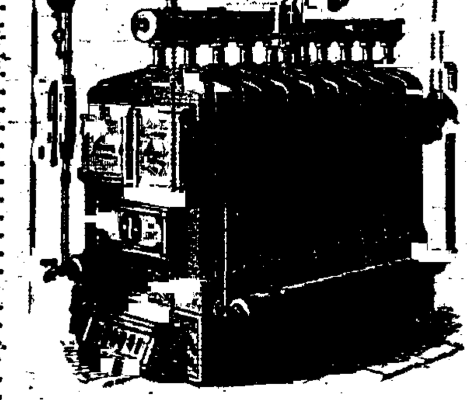
IN ALL SHADES AND STYLES, AT THE

STAR CLOTHING HOUSE,

CORNER STORE, NEXT DOOR TO THE MODEL DRY GOODS HOUSE.

FINKELSTEIN BROS., Prop's.

PLUMBING AND HEATING SUPPLIES.



NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE HOT AIR, STEAM OR HOT WATER HEATING FOR USE IN YOUR HOME THE COMING WINTER.

Plumbing is our occupation from morning 'til night and our study much of the time from night 'til morning. We permit no improved plan nor method of working to be unknown to us.

Our joints never give trouble because they are made in the most perfect manner known. The material used on all jobs is of the highest grade consistent with the price. No jobs allowed to drag.

Get our estimates for a Furnance, Steam or Hot Water plant. Our prices are as low as they ought to be and lower than most folks charge for good work.

ROBERTS & GARDNER

WELLSBORO, PA.

QUESTION?

When Were the PROFITS in the CLOTHING Trade Divided With the Customer?

ANSWER.

When ROSENBAUM & PHILLIPS Became Manufacturers.

SEASONABLE GOODS at REASONABLE PRICES

Everyone who knows Rosenbaum & Phillips has learned to expect big values of them. Their prices have become the thermometer of the Clothing trade. Our line is now a revelation, even to those who know us so well. Apart from the extraordinary values we show an assortment of such exclusive patterns and stylish garments as will enable our clothing to choose its own field, for the "PINNACLE OF PERFECTION" is pre-eminently above competition.

Rosenbaum & Phillips' Clothing has CHARACTER, INDIVIDUALITY and QUALITY, and why? Because we buy cloths direct from the mills in hundreds, yes, thousand piece lots. We carefully scrutinize every piece before delivery and reject all that do not come up to our standard—**That means safety.**

We have these cloths fashioned by competent cutters into clothing of the most approved form, and in correct sizes—**That means style and satisfactory fit.**

We employ the very best tailors and examine their work thoroughly before they are placed in stock—**That means perfect finishing.**

We sell direct to the wearer, which eliminates all middlemen's costs—**That means a great saving.**

So you see there is really no reason why we shouldn't do more business than any other Clothing Store in Northern Pennsylvania.

You remember the trouble Mr. Columbus had in getting someone to believe his story about the New World, but he persevered and the World knows the result; and all we want is a chance to prove the above.

But while enjoying the inspection of our clothing department do not forget our line of Footwear, and if you do not wear Rice & Hutchins' Shoes ask your neighbor about them, and if you do wear them tell your friends about them.

REMEMBER THAT

ROSENBAUM & PHILLIPS,

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE CLOTHING,

ARE ESSENTIALLY TOP NOTCHERS.

Comparsion Correct fit. Cordially Correct shapes, Courted, Correct details.